DAMASCUS (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak arrived in Damascus unexpectedly Wednesday and went straight into talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, Syrian presidential spokesman Joubran Kourieh said they were discussing Arab-Israeli peace talks and the latest developments in the Arab World. He gave no details. The visit coincided with U.S. attacks on Iraq and with Arab attempts to win U.N. sanctions with U.S. attacks on Iraq and with Arab attempts to win U.N. sanctions against Israel for refusing to comply with a Security Council resolution on more than 400 Palestinian expellees. Diplomats said Mr. Mubarak and Mr. Assad were to discuss both issues. Syria is also expected to try to ease the tension between Egypt and Sudan over the disputed Halaib triangle. A Sudanese leader visited Damascus last week. Mr. Mubarak was accompanied by Foreign Minister Amr Musa, Information Minister Salwat Sherif and his top political adviser, Osama Al Baz. The two leaders held a brief session of talks in the presence of aides and then met alone.

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Allied planes raid Iraqi missile sites

جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية الراي،

Attacks said limited to south; Baghdad tells U.N. it will comply with demands

Combined agency dispatches

DOZENS OF AMERICAN and allied aircraft bombed missile sites in Iraq Wednesday in retaliation for weeks of "provocations" by Baghdad that officials asserted violated the agreement halting the 1991 Gulf war.

"Preliminary information indi-cates the mission was accomplished," White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said. He acided the "United States and its coalition partners stand ready to take "additional actions" assure Iraqi compliance with

Similar statements were also made by British and French offi-

"All of our planes have re-turned to their bases," Mr. Fitzwater said. Up to 100 American, bombers were reported to have

Mr. Fitzwater said the targets were "several missile sites" in the southern part of the country. Iraq had positioned several surface-toair missile batteries in the region, and American planners said they represented a threat to the allied aircraft patrolling a "no-fly" zone established by the allies two years

Mr. Fitzwater said President George Bush had deployed a battalion task force to Kuwait to guard against Iraqi incursions. A battalion is generally 600 to 800

He said the president, who leaves office in a week, tele-phoned President-elect Bill Clinton in Little Rock. "The president-elect indicated his support," Mr. Fitzwater said.

The United States and its coalition partners today took forceful actions against Iraq,"

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres

left for Paris Wednesday hoping

Mr. Peres told reporters at the

manded by Arab states, would harm Middle East peace efforts.

"We will do our best to con-

vince the Secretary-General to

write a moderate report," said

At Bir Zeit on the West Bank,

the chief Palestinian peace nego-

tiator reiterated demands for

PARIS (Agencies) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres

said Wednesday Israel was ready

to open its unclear, chemical and

biological installations to Arab

inspection once peace had been

Asked specifically about re-

ports he would make such an

offer at a Paris conference on

chemical weapons later Wednes-

day, he told reporters:
"Surely we are talking about

such a (chemical, biological and

nuclear) free zone once we shal!

have peace, not before it."

reached in the Middle East.

Gad Ben-Ari, spokesman for Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin.

to discourage the U.N. secretary-

Mr. Fitzwater said at a White House briefing after the air raids had been completed.

"Coalition aircraft at approximately 1:15 p.m. EST (1815 GMT) this afternoon attacked surface-to-air missiles and associated infrastructure in southern Iraq. Preliminary information indicates that the mission was

He said all the U.S. aircraft had returned to bases, presumbaly aboard the aircraft carrier Kitty Hawk in the Gulf and possibly to British military officials and French military sources said in London and Paris that warplanes from those two nations - allies in a coalition formed to oust Iraq from Kuwait during the 1991 Gulf war — had joined Wednesday's

One U.S. official, speaking on

Israel seeks to thwart sanctions:

sanctions to force Israel to allow

the evicted Palestinians back

Palestinians say no more talks

from Lebanon,

Jordan urges peaceful solution

AMMAN (AP) - Minntes after reports that the United States launched air raids against Iraq, Jordan Wednesday urged a peaceful solution to end the latest showdown between Baghdad and the Western allies.

"Jordan, as always, advocates peaceful solutions to any conflict. We are against force and we support dialogue," Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber said.

Information Minister Mahmond Sharif said: We are sure that this is going to lead to more suffering for the Iraqi people," he said.

condition of anonymity, said the attack was a limited one, confined to the southern part of Iraq, and directed at surface-to-air mis-sile hatteries and supporting and British aircraft participated.

A Peutagon official said dozens of combat and strike aircraft had been launched in the effort, and that they were accompanied by

fighter escorts and other aircraft to help ensure the safety of the coalition jet force.

A French spokesman said six French Mirage 2000S provided air cover during the raid. The Turkish news agency said American AWACS had taken off from

a base in that country.

The strike was launched two years after the beginning of the Gulf war in which the United States-led coalition routed Iraq, and a scant seven days before President Bush was to turn over

power to President-elect Clinton. At the U.N., Iraq said Wednesday it would stop incursions into disputed territory with Kuwait and would authorise U.N. flights into Iraq - two demands at the heart of the crises that provoked the U.S.-led attack

on Iraqi targets. Nizar Hamdoon, Iraq's U.N. ambassador, told Reuters television he had informed the president of the Security Council, Japanese Ambassador Yoshio Hatano, of Baghdad's com-

(Continued on page 5)

Saddam tells air force to hit back after raids

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein told his air force and air defences to hit back after U.S.-led raids on southern

President Saddam, addressing the country on state television and radio early Thursday after the raids, said any U.S. or Western plane in Iraqi airspace was a target.

"You men in our armed forces," President Saddam, dressed in

field marshall's uniform, said.

"Men of the Qadissiya (Iran-Iraq war) and mother of all battles (1991 Gulf war), you brave men of the anti-aircraft defences, you falcons (pilots) of our proud air force...fight them the way you fought God's enemies before."

At the U.N., a Western source said the United States, Britain,
France and Russia have told Iraq it should not assume Wednes-

day's air strikes were the end of the matter if it continued to defy the will of the international community.

Further attacks could be ordered if Baghdad again flouted a Jan.

6 allied ultimatum ordering the removal of anti-aircraft missiles from a "no-fly" zone over the southern Iraq, or if it failed to comply with provisions of an April 1991 Gulf war ceasefire

Fateh leaders to meet on evictees, peace talks

TUNIS (R) — The leadership of the mainstream Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) group Fatch will meet in Tunis for three days from Thursday to discuss peace talks and the plight of more than 400 Palestinians expelled by Israel, PLO officials said

Fatch, which bas about 100 members and which is intermediate between a full congress and the small Central Council, will also discuss the results of talks with the rival Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas in Khartoum

emergency meeting of the Organisation of the Islamic Confer-

In Dakar Mr. Arafat said the Palestmians would not take part in peace talks with Israel until isruel took back the evictees.

Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) not taken a formal decision to boycott future peace talks.

in Syria Tuesday to send an envoy to Tunis to press for a formal decision, he added.

the PFLP on the PLO Executive The PFLP is one of 10 hardline

an alliance in Damascus in August to campaign against the peace talks, which have so far failed to achieve any progress. No new date has been set for peace talks but many officials

sometime in February, after Bill Clinton moves into the White House later this month. The other Palestinian groups

said they were dismayed by the outcome of a meeting of Arab foreign ministers in Cairo on the

Hamas and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palesone (DFLP) --- the Nayef Hawatmeh faction — said they had expected the meeting to back a destinian decision to pull out of Middle East peace talks until the evictees were allowed back.

"We were disappointed by the Cairo resolutions ...," said Ibrahim Ghosheh, the Jordan spokesman for Hamas.

"They (Arabs) should have taken a decision to withdraw · from the talks and not to leave it

only to the Palestinians ... The Arab ministers ended their emergency meeting Tuesday, urging the U.N. Security Council to impose sanctions on Israel if it refuses to allow back the evictors. Hamas and the DFLP oppose

the terms of the current peace

sanctions to punish Israel for refusing to take back more than 400 Palestinian evictees. airport that letting them back would reward Muslim fundamentalists opposed to peace.
A spokeswoman for the minister said he would tell U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali

Wednesday.
The Revolutionary Council of

last week, they said. The meeting will be chaired by Yasser Arafat, who returned to Tunis last night from Dakar, where he took part in an

ence (OIC).

But an official close to the hardline Popular Front for the said in Amman that the PLO had The PFLP decided at a meeting

The euvoy would be Abdul Rahim Mallouh, who represents

Committee, he said. Palestinian groups which formed

He said some Arab countries were sceptical about whether Israel would agree to such a measure and also agree to verification and mutual control. expect the ninth round to start

a U.S. Marine.

Wednesday after the Marine was killed in an ambush of a night patrol near Mogadishu airport. He was the first foreign soldier to be shot dead since the start of the U.S.-led operation restore hope on December 9.

Air Force Captain Joe Davis, said the Marine patrol of fell min an ambush by gunmen lying silently in wait "like deerhunters" Tues-

They (the U.N.) can impose sanctions. We want to see that general from recommending these sanctions are effective and would compel Israel to get the (evictees) back to their homes," Haider Abdul Shafi told reporters after speaking at Bir Zeit In a separate statement, the

Palestinian delegation to the peace talks announced it would not resume negotiations until the expelled Palestinians are rein Paris that unprecedented U.N. sanctions against Israel, as de-The United States, co-sponsor

of the talks that were due to resume in February, was notified of the decision, the statement The announcement appeared

to close the door to any facesaving compromise with Israel. It came after weeks of conflicting statement from Palestinian offi-

purported Israeli nuclear centre in the desert, he said:

lar subject but surely if we shall

reach an agreement and we shall

have peace, then there will be

mutual inspections and mutual

to sign a landmark convention

outlawing the mannfacture,

stocking and use of chemical

weapons opened in Paris later

Some 127 countries were repre-

sented at the opening ceremony

at the headquarters of the U.N.

Seieutific, Educational and

Cultural Organisation (UN-

French Foreign Minister Ro-

The United Nations conference

"I am not offering any particu-

Israel offers to open nuclear

and other sites after peace

cials about whether they would suspend participation in peace

The Palestinian team which is committed to the peace process does not see any possibility to resume the talks before the return of the evictees to their homeland," said the statement.

Israel has refused to revoke the expulsion of the 415 Palestinians. says they have links with the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas and other fundamentalist groups that killed six Israeli sol-

"Withdrawal on our part would be giving a prize to Hamas and that neither the Arabs nor the United Nations want," said Mr.

Despite the visits of two U.N. envoys in two weeks, Israel has refused to comply with a Security Council resolution demanding

(Continued on page 5)

U.S. Secretary of State Lawr-

ence Eagleburger urged Arab

states to sign the treaty banning

chemical weapons, saying that

such a move would be a step

towards eliminating weapons of

mass destruction from the Middle

Mr. Eagleburger's appeal was

Most Arab countries have said

The fact of the matter is that

made in remarks prepared for the

they will not sign the document

until Israel gives up the nuclear option. Israel has said it will sign

linking this convention to other

issues cannot affect the fate of those issues, but it will surely

undermine the effect of this trea-

the chemical weapons treaty.

Israel says far-reaching progress. achieved with Syria

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israeli and Syrian negotiators have made farreaching progress and there is real bope for peace between the two sides, a cabinet minister told parliament Wednesday.

Health Minister Chalm Ramon, speaking in the name of the government, was responding to motions by several legislators on the future of the occupied Golan Heights.

The Heights are the key issue in the negotiations. Syria wants all of the Golan back. Israel says it is ready to discuss "territorial compromise," but that the Syrians must first spell out what they mean by neace. The Middle East peace talks

recessed in December, and there have been persistent reports of parallel secret negotiations between Israel and Syria. Mr. Ramon, a member of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's Labour Party, again denied the reports Wednesday.

The minister told parliament that no progress with Syria would

have been possible under Israel's previous right-wing government which ruled out "territorial concessions" to the Arabs.

"In contrast to the previous government, there has been farreaching progress (since) in the negotiations with the Syrians," he

Because of the Rabin government's greater flexibility, "thereis hope, real hope, to make peace and ensure our security," be added.

An indication of Syria's commitment of the talks came earlier this week when Arah foreign ministers met in Cairo to discuss Israel's Dec. 17 expulsion of 415 Palestinians. The ministers, including Syria's

pending Arab participation.

Christopher: U.S. must stay behind peace talks

Special from Washington

PRESIDENT-electBill Clinton's nominee for secretary of state, Warren Christopher, said Wednesday the U.S. must main-tain the "momentum" behind the Middle East peace negotiations, but avoided stating that the Democrats — who boast about a democracy-centred foreign policy - would pursue such a policy with regards to Middle East coun-

In the Middle East and throughout the Gulf, the Clinton administration "will champion economic reform, more accountable governance, and increased respect for human rights," Mr. Christopher told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, which is likely to recommend to the Senate that he be confirmed as secretary of state.

Mr. Christopher, who served as deputy secretary of state during the Carter administration, said the Democrat's "democracycentred policy" underscores Washington's "special rela-tionship" with Israel which he described as the region's only and Israel's right to exist behind secure borders is "essential" to a

just and lasting peace in the area. Mr. Christopher said U.S. support for democracy "does not imply a crusade to make the world exactly in our own image." He said Mr. Clinton's policy would be "to encourage patient sustained efforts to help others

build the institutions that make democracy possible: Political parties, free media, laws that protect property and individual rights, an impartial judiciary, labour unions, and voluntary associations that stand between the individual and the state. What can be seen as Mr.

Christopher's reassuring words about the new administration's willingness to maintain the momentum bebind the peace iks was coupled by words towards regional Gulf powers. "We'll assume a vigilant stance towards both Iraq and Iran which seem determined to sow violence and disorder throughout the region, and even beyond, Mr. Christopher stated as allied forces were launching a strike against Baghdad.

He further warned: "Following a decade in which over a thousand Americans were killed. injured or kidnapped by perpetrators of international terrorism, we'll give no quarter to terrorists or to the states that sponsor their crimes against bumanity.

Mr. Christopher, who is known to be more of a policy implementor rather than a policy planner, said the Clinton administration would work towards

(Continued on page 5)

Karadzic expects his people to approve peace plan

GENEVA (Agencies) - Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karad-zie predicted Wednesday that Serb deputies would approve a new constitution for the republic, but said he expected to have a

tough battle persuading them. Mr. Karadzic, who took international peace talks th the brink of collapse Tuesday by first rejecting then agreeing to the conwould offer his resignation if the Bosnian Serb "parliament" did not support him.

"I am aware that I am going to have a very hard time in my parliament, but this is the last big concession by Serbs for the sake of peace," be told a news conference before leaving Geneva for Beigrade

Mr. Karadzie agreed to the constitutional plan, which would create a sovereign Bosnia divided into 10 autonomous provinces. under pressure from his Serb backers, including Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic.

He also came under pressure by mediators Cyrus Vance and Lord Owen, who warned that the Serbs would be beld responsible for the collapse of four months of

(Continued on page 5)

ty in the one region most exposed land Dumas declared the confer-"Of course we shall agree to ence open. U.N. Secretaryto the danger of chemical representative, said the expulit." be said. General Boutros Ghali called the sions threatened the peace talks, weapons - namely, the Middle Asked specifically if Arah treaty a "decisive advance in the but they stopped short of susstates could inspect nuclear sites (Continued on page 5) bistory of disarmament." such as those at Dimona, the

Gunmen kill U.S. Marine in mounting Somalia violence

conference.

MOGADISHU (Agencies) — A Somali gunman, shot and wounded a U.S. Navy medic Wednesday hours after ambushers lying in wait like deerhunters shot dead

Talks to end two years of gun law in a broken land collapsed when warlords failed to agree to a U.N.-brokered peace plan.

U.S. troops went on high alert

A U.S. military spokesman,

Wednesday.

ESCO) in Paris.

day night.
"Everybody is being very careful in view of what happened, but you have to understand that Mogadishu is very volatile," Capt. Davis said.

A few hours later, a Somali gunman fired three shots at a Marine patrol about 800 south of an old soccer stadium in north Mogadishu. One bullet hit a U.S. Navy hospital corpsman in the left shoulder, a military statement

The Marines fired back, but the statement did not say if they had hit the unidentified gunman. Capt. Davis said the command did not know who was responsible for the shootings. After the attacks, emotional U.S. Marines tightened security and demonstrated increased aggression at

Mogadishu checkpoints. The dead Marine's 11-man patrol was ambushed after moving out of the airport into an area of abandoned warehouses, Capt.

"There were definitely more than one gunman," he said.

He said convoys had come under attack before, but that it was the first time a foot patrolhad been ambushed.

Davis told reporters.

After a five-minute . firefight, the Marine withdrew and regrouped, discovering a comrade missing. Reinforced by a rapid reaction force in three armoured vebicles, the marines returned to recover their fallen comrade. "Another firefight ensued. The gammen were still there," said evidence any Somali gunman had been bit.

The slain marine, wbo apparently died of a head wound. was identified as 21-year-old Domingo Arroyo, a Gulf war veteran. He was the first U.S. serviceman killed since the Americans landed Dec. 9 as part of a U.N.-endorsed effort to end the rampant looting and lawlessness that have prolonged a devastating famine.

A civilian army employee was killed on Dec. 23 near Bardere when the vehicle he was riding in hit an anti-tank mine.

At checkpoints Wednesday, Marines were edgier, more businesslike. And at the airport, friends of the fallen Marine Davis. He said there was no directed their anger at Somalis.

democracy. The secretary of state-designate said the Clinton team believes that America's unanswering commitment to Israel

PLO seen to have 'apologised' to Saudis for stand during Gulf crisis

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A senior member of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and a close confidant of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat has issued an apology to Saudi Arabia for the organisations's pro-Iraq stand during the Gulf crisis, Palestinian officials said Wednesday.

The "apology" was issued by PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas (Abu Mazen) during a visit to Saudi Arabia earlier this month, the officials said.

It was not immediately known how the Saudi leadership viewed the "apology" - a prerequisite demanded by Riyadh for reconcibation with the PLO and other Arab parties which the Saudis saw as having sided with Iraq in the But Jamil Hilal, head of the

PLO Information Department in Tunis, asserted that Abu Mazen was acting in his personal capacity and not on behalf of the organisation.

The "apology" came at the end of a speech Abu Mazen made in Saudi Arabia on the anniversary this month of the launching of Fateb, according to Ibrahim Ayyash, a member of the Palestine National

Council (PNC).
The words that Abu Mazen used "were well chosen" and there cannot be any mistake that it was an "apology," Mr. Abu Ayyash told the Jordan

According to Mr. Abu Ayyash, Ahu Mazen said: The Gulf war threatened the security and stability of the Middle East and negatively affected relations among the peoples of the Arab World. Particularly affected was the relationship between the Palestinians and the people of the Gulf states. The generosity and support that the Gulf Arab countries gave to the Palestinians bave been and continue

to be appreciated." When Abu Mazen arrived in Saudi Arabia early last week, the Saudi authorities went out of their way to explain that the visit should not be taken as a sign of improved relations between the PLO and the king-

An official spokesman quoted by the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said Abn

Mazen was visiting Sandi Arabia to attend celebrations marking the Fateh anniversary and nothing more was attached to the visit.

No Saudi comment was available on the so-called "apology," which was issued a few days later. "You can interpret it anyway you want, but Ahu Mazen

was apologising. There is no doubt about it," said Mr. Abu Ayyash. Mr. Hilal of the PLO Information Department, contacted over the phone in Tunis, flatly denied that Abu Mazen's gesture represented PLO poli-

"The statements Mahmoud Abbas made in Saudi Arabia were made in his capacity as a private citizen and not as a member of the PLO Executive

Committee," he said. Despite the denial from Tunis, the very fact that Abu Mazen is very close to Mr. Arafat is seen by many in Amman as an irrefutable proof that the "apology" bad the approval of the PLO chairman.

When a member of the PLO Executive Committee

(Continued on page 5)



11.5. Marines watch over two suspected Somalis Wednesday on the spot where a Marine

cond Tuesday night (AFP photo) Collapse of Addis talks redraws Somali battle lines

By Aidan Hartley

Reuter NAIROBI - The failure of Somali peace talks in Addis-Ababa underlines the clan divi-

sions that have ripped the country apart. Following are profiles of the main warlords, their factions

and alliances: - General Mohammad Farsh Aideed, 57, is chief of Hawiya Habre Gedir militias who form a faction of the United Somali Congress

A former army officer and diplomat, Gen. Aideed invaded Somalia from Ethiopia in late 1990. By the time he arrived in Mogadishu dictator Mohamniad Siad Barre had been ousted and his ally Ali Mahdi Mohammad had de-

clared himself president. Cien. Aideed's resentment to Mr. Ali Muhdi led to a clanfoud which killed 50,000 in four months of fighting in-Mogadishu. His faction has the heaviest weapons in the coun-

He repulsed counter-attacks on the capital by Mr. Siad Bure in 1991 and 1992, when he drove the former president into exile. He tried to consolidata control over a large area of the south. The main famine cone, through a three-group

alliance comprising: - Colonel Ahmad Omar is or the Darod Ogaden Mohammad Zaheir sub-clan, splinter group of the Somali Patriotic Movement (SPM). After fighting Mr. Sad Barre, then Gen. Aideed, Colonel Jess defected to join Gen. Aideed in April.

U.S. officials believe Col. Jess ordered the murder of 90 elder, from a rival clan in his Kismayu stronghold the night before American led forces enteted the town in December. - Abdi Warsame Issaq is Gen. Aideed's third ally and heads the Dir clan militia under the name of the Southern Somali National Move-ment (SSSM). This clan is poorly arrived

살았습☆

Ali Mahdi Mohammad. 58, leads the Hawiye Abgal militias, the USC's main rival. The United States brokered a peace pact between Mr. Ali Mahdi and Gen. Aideed but the breakdown of the Addis

talks illustrates their enmity. A former hotelier, Mr. Ali Mahdi pushed his claim to leadership after Mr. Siad Barre's overthrow at a conference of Somali factions in Djibouti in July 1991. He was declared interim president but few recognised him. Mr. Ali Mahdi's power scarcely extends outside his stronghold in Mogadishu's

northern Karaan district. In recent months he has built a loose alliance of 11 clan factions opposed to Gen. Aideed. The major ones are: - General Mohammad Abshir Musa, 67, and his deputy Abdullahi Yousef who lead Darod Mejerteyn militias of the northeast Somali Salvacion Democratic Front (SSDF), a

rebel group formed in 1979. A former police chief, educated at Princeton university. Mohammad Abshir was de-tained by Mr. Siad Barre. He is regarded by diplomats as the most articulate and moderate faction leader.

Despite spending six years in detention with Gen. Aideed. two of them in the same cell. SSDF military chief Abdullahi Yusef has led his militias against Gen. Aideed in two vears of feuding

U.S.-led forces have not yet ventured into this conflict zone, a huge belt of bush dotted with wells and small towns. - General Aden Abdullahi Nur "Gabiyow" (the poet] leads the Darod Ogaden mili-tias of the Somali Patriotic

Movement (SPM). Gen. Gabiyow was a defence minister under Mr. Stad Barre but in 1989 he was detained, sparking a mutiny of

Ogaden troops.
The SPM was allied with the USC until Mr. Siad Barre was ousted, but later found itself sucked into a loose Darod clanalliance that linked it with Mr. Siad Barre's clansmen once

The aim of the Darod alliances is to isolate Gen.

Peace talks should not be linked to expellees — U.S.

WASHINGTON (USIA) The U.S. State Department said Tuesday the United States beheves the Middle East peace talks should not be linked to the plight of more than 400 Palestinians who have been stranded in southem Lebanon since last month after they were expelled by Israel from the occupied territories.

The United Stales has not yet soggested a date for the parties to return to Washington to resume their Middle East peace talks, acting spokesman Joseph Snyder said ."We'll be doing that short-

The spokesman bad no specific comment when asked about remarks by Yasser Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), who re-portedly said Jan. 11 in Dakar that all Middle East peace talks should be suspended until the situation of the evictees is re-

"Our position is well known,"
Mr. Snyder said. "We believe
strongly the continuation of the talks is in the best interest of all the parties. At the same time we continue to work actively, especially in the U.N. context, to deal

— General Omar Haji

Mohammad Hersi leads the Somali National Front (SNF)

mibtias of Mr. Siad Barre's

The SNF denies wanting to

reinstall the former dictator,

but SNF fighters helped by the SSDF and SPM, both Darod

clan groups, have made two

attempts to recapture Moga-

dishu and in October overran

the famine-hit southern town

Hersi "Morgan." This former

defence minister was a brutal

enforcer in the government of Mr. Siad Barre, his father in-

law. He is linked with the SPM

but appears to work mainly to

strengthen the alliance of

Refusing to participate in

talks except as observer is

Abdulrahman "Tur" (the hun-

chback), who heads the Isaak clan-based Somali National Movement (SNM), a former

After waging a costly war against Mr. Siad Barre for most of the 1980s, the SNM

declared secession of its north-

western region - until 1960 ruled in Britain - from the

rest of Somalia in May 1991. It

refuses to take part in any

future Somali government.

ታ

Movement (SDM), led by Abdulkadir Mohammad Adan

and Mohammad Nur Aliyow

Badly armed and politically

disorganised, the agricultural

Rahanwein were pillaged by

militias from nomadic clans

such as Gen. Aideed's and Mr.

Siad Barre's. They turned their

southern farmlands into a bat-

tleground, causing a famine

Despite this, Mr. Abdulka-dir became Mr. Ali Mahdi's

vice president while Mr.

Aliyow became an Aideed de-

puty. The two splinter groups

reconciled at the Addis talks, a

slap in the face for Gen.

which killed 300,000.

of Rahanwein elan militias.

The Somali Democratic

Darod clan family militias.

General Mohammad Said

of Bardere.

rebel group.

Darod Marchan clan.

with the explusion issue. We do not believe these issues should be linked."

Noting that the United Nations secretary general is working to resolve the situation of the evictees, Mr. Snyder said: "We support his efforts and we urge the parties to resolve the situation peacefully."

He asserted there have been "changes on the part of the Israeli government's position toward these people. I don't know if it's a result of the work of the U.N., but the U.N. effort continues." Two evictees have been allowed to leave the area in southern Lebanon where they have been stranded between Lebanese forces which have denied them entry and Israel forces which have prevented their return to Israel or to Israeli controlled territory in the so-called security zone along the Lebanese-Israeli

border. Mr. Snyder reminded one questioner that the United States supports United Nacions Security Council Resolution 799, which urges Israel to return the evictees to Israel. "We think that that resolution should be observered," he said.

Rights group says some evictees unacknowledged

TEL AVIV (AP) - A human rights group says that Israel's list of Palesonians expelled to Lebanon did not match the men actually expelled, charging this reflects the arbitrary nature of

Israel's punishment. Andrew Whitley, director of the Middle East Watch based in New York, said names gathered by the group show at least six of the Palestinians at a tent camp in Lebanon are men that Israel-"doesn't acknowledge deport-

Israel has already said other Palestinians were expelled by "mistake." One has already returned bome, and the other nine are awaiting transport back to the

occupied territories. "Clearly the fact that mistakes have been acknowledged... does underline the arbitrariness of what took place and the degree of confusion which could to lead people being deported in error,

said Mr. Whitley. He added that "perhaps the criteria for selecting them (the expellecs) was... not based on

any rational considerations. Mr. Whitley said a Middle East Watch researcher spent 10 days with the evictees in Lebanon. From the resulting information, he said, the 413 names Israel gave to the International Red Cross did not coincide with the expel-

lees' own register of 412. Fifteen names did oot match up, Mr. Whitley said, including at least six men at the camo that Israel has not said it expelled. These names are in addition to the 10 Israel already recognised

as expelled in "error," be added. Mr. Whitley called the expulsions "a particularly flagrant breach of international law" and added his group believes "that the obligation is on Israel in order to return these persons... and then bring specifie charges against individuals they feel com-

mitted crimes." The U.N. Security Council adopted a resolution on Dec. 19, two days after the men were expelled, which called the Israeli action a violation of international law and demanded the men be

Israel accused the men of being supporters of Hamas and Islamic Jihad, which the government blamed for the slayings of six

Israeli soldiers. While most of the expelled men "openly acknowledge their sympathies with these organisations, they appear to have been deported simply because they were the easier ones to deport, Mr. Whitley said.

Middle East Watch does not view support of a banned organisation as a crime but also does not elaim that all the expelled men have a clean record, he

Mr. Whitley said his group's researcher spoke with over 100 evictees, intensively interviewing

According to the interviews, 15 of the men are professors, 14 are physicians and 16 are of the staff on the United Nations Relief and Works Association, which admi-nisters aid to Palestinian re-

fugees.
The remainder are school teachers, businessmen, students or manual labourers, the group's report said.

In Brussels, European Community (EC) lawmakers on Tuesday called on Israel and Lebanon to allow international aid to reach the Palestinians.

The European Parliament's Socialist group, the EC's assembly's largest political bloc, called on Israel to "ensure the immediate and safe return" of the Palestinians.

The Parliamentarians also urged both governments to allow immediate access to international humanitarian organisations."

Rabia Morocco contacts

King Hassan II of Morocco disclosed in an interview published Wednesday that he had been in contact with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin over the

expelled Palestinians. The king also said he did not think the expulsions would hinder the U.S.-backed Middle East peace process.

The king's remarks were carried in the Saudi daily Al Sharq Al Awsat and also published in several other Gulf papers.

King Hassan was quoted as saying Mr. Rabin gol himself "trapped" into expelling the "He let himself be framed, and

I prayed that he could get oul of the net because if any peace bargain is to be struck, it is with the Israeli Labour Party," he

King Hassan said the message to Mr. Rabin was sent through "a special channel." He gave no specifics.

"I asked (Mr. Rabin) how can this be? The Jews of Europe hold it against Hitler and are still weepand complaining, and have been dispersed ... and expelled from their homes, and you are now committing the same mistake?" King Hassan said.

Probe finds no 'October surprise' evidence

WASHINGTON (AP) — A \$1.3 million congressional investigation has found no credible evidence that Republicans conspired with Iran in 1980 to delay the release of American hostages until after the U.S. election, accord-

ing to a summary of the report obtained Tuesday. The full document, to be released by the bipartisan congressional task force Wednesday, rejects allegations that have haunted the Reagan and Bush administrations for years.

"There is wholly insufficient credible evidence of any communications by, or on behalf of the 1980 Reagan presidencial campaign with any persons representing or connected with the Iranian government, or with those holding Americans as hostages during the 1979-1981 period," said the summary.
"There is no credible evidence

supporting any attempt or proposal to attempt, by the Reagan presidencial campaign ... to delay the release of the American hos-tages in Iran," the task force concluded after an 11-month investigation.

The report itself, which runs several hundred pages, contains detailed information rebutting allegations that senior Reagan aides - among them the late William Casey who served as his campaign manager and then headed the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) took part in meet-ings in Europe with Iranian rep-

resentatives. The report also discusses i detail attempts by the Carter administration to achieve freedom for the 52 Americans.

The hostages were in fact freed hours after Mr. Reagan's Jan. 20, 1991, inauguration. Subsequent y, allegations appeared that Mr Reagan's campaign cut a deal with Iran to delay the release in return for U.S. weapons. This purported deal also eventually came to be called an "October Surprise.

But the task force reported that, in fact, the Reagan adminis tration in its first term "uphele the arms embargo with Iran and encouraged its allies to do the same." In its second term, the Reagan administration did sell Iran weapons, in return for the release of Americans taken hostage in Lebanon.

The congressional leadership decided last February to get to the bottom of the "October surprise" allegations, establishing separate Senate and House of Representatives task forces.

The Senate panel, with only \$75,000 budget, conducted a far smaller probe than the House group but issued a similar conclu-

sion last November. The chairman and ranking minority members of the House task force, Democral Lee Hamilton and Republican Henry Hyde, last July issued an interim report denying allegations that Mr. Bush as Mr. Reagan's running mate took part in a Paris meeting with

the Iranians. The House panel, with the help of Justice and Treasury Depart ment agents, interviewed 230 people in the United States and around the world, reviewed lens of thousands of government documents including many classi fied ones, and reviewed hundreds of phone logs and credit card

Of the five people said to have independent knowledge of purported 1980 meetings in Madrid between Mr. Casey and Iranians three testified under oath that they did not know about the alleged encounters, the summary

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Court delays posting of Israeli envoy to U.S.

TEL AVIV (R) - The Israeli high court delayed Tuesday the appointment of peace negotiator Itamar Rabinovich as ambassador to Washington because of allegations he violated tax laws, the justice ministry said. The court temporarily delayed the posting until it rules on a petition by opposition Knesset (parliament) member Gonen Segev which asked the court to order Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's government to reverse the appointment. In the petition, Mr. Segev accused Mr. Rabinovich of paying a fine to Israeli income tax authorities in lieu of prosecution for holding an illegal foreign bank account. Mr. Segev, a member of the right-wing Tsomet party, said the cabinet appointed Mr. Rabinovich in November before it knew about the fine which Israeli media reported last week. Mr. Rabinovich was to assume the post after U.S. President-elect Bill Clinton takes office on Jan. 20. Mr. Rabinovich, a university professor, has headed Israeli negotiations with Syria in the 14-mouth-old Middle East peace talks.

OAU chief arrives in Western Sahara

ALGIERS (R) — The Organisation of African Unity (OAU) chief arrived in the disputed Western Sahara late Tuesday for talks with the rebel Polisario Front after scolding member countries who failed to support OAU efforts to resolve the continent's crises. OAU Secretary-General Salim Ahamd Salim said in Algiers on Monday the organisation was committed to doing all it could to achieve a just and lasting solution in the Western Sahara, where the front and Morocco have an uneasy ceasefire after more than 15 years of conflict. But he acknowledged he had no new ideas to take there. Mr. Salim arrived in the territory Tuesday to meet Polisario leader Mohammad Abdulaziz, Algeria's official news agency APS reported. Morocco claims the area while Polisario is seeking independence. Polisario leaders have said war could restart if political progress, bogged down for over a year, is not made this year. Mr. Salim told a news conference in Algiers Monday that resolving the conflict was important for regional peace and

Turkey reports 88 AIDS cases since 1985

ISTANBUL (R) - The number of AIDS cases reported in Turkey since 1985 has reached 88, a health ministry report said Monday. In the report submitted to the first national Turkish AIDS conference in Istanbul, the ministry said 40 Turks bad died from the disease since it was first reported in Turkey. It said 48 of the victims AIDS were still alive. The report also said another 153 individuals were infected with AIDS but had not yet developed the visible

Disciples do not want rabbl's bones

TEL AVIV (R) - Israel's president touched off a holy row Tuesday by announcing that Ukraine would send Israel the remains of a Jewish sage who died 180 years ago. The trouble is, the ultra-orthodox disciples of Rabbi Nahman of Bratslav say the do not want him buried in the Holy Land, Chaim Herzog's announcement, during a visit by Ukrainian President Leonid Kravchuk, was apparently aimed at improving long-strained relations between Ukrainians and Jews. But it was greeted with dismay by members of the Hassidic sect who telephoned radio stations to say it had been their spiritual leader's wish to be buried in Ukraine at the site of a massacre of Jews. The rabbi died in 1811. Each year, thousands of disiciples from around the world travel to his grave in Uman, An estimated 30,000 Jews and Poles were killed there in 1788 by Cossacks. Rabbi David-Rafael Ben-Ami, a leader of the Israeli branch of the sect, told army radio he appreciated Mr. Herzog's good intentions "but certainly unknown to him is the fact Rabbi Nahman especially wanted to be buried in that very place."

UAE to ban boy jockeys for camels

DUBAI (AP) - Young boys will no longer be taken to train as camel jockeys if a proposed new laws comes into force in the Umited Arab Emirates (UAE) later this year, the official UAE news agency reported Tuesday. The newly formed UAE Camel Racing Federation bas proposed a law to prohibit the use of these young boys, often between the ages of four to seven from riding in the local races, said the news agency, WAM. There have been many incidents in some Asian countries, particularly Pakistan, India, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka, where police have foiled bids to smuggle young boys, sometimes kidnapped or brought for a small amount, to Gulf countries to take part in camel races. WAM quoted a source in the federation as saying: "The federation has received instructions from higher authorities ordering it to return any young camel jockey to their parents as soon as possible." The federation is to take stern measures against violators in line with the new law, which is to come into effect in September this year, according to WAM. The source told WAM that one of the main reasons for the new law will be to bring the sport in line with international standards and make it a more prestigious one. Camel racing is a national pastime in the Gulf countries with millions of dollars being spent each year in competitions.

Eritrean rebel leader treated in Israel for malaria

TEL AVIV (AP) — The leader of Eritrea's main rebel faction was secretly flown to Israel for malaria treatment and awakened from a deep coma after several days of care, Israel television reported Tuesday. Isais Afwerky, who would become Eritrea's prime minister if the Ethiopian province declares independence in an April plebescite, arrived in Israel last Wednesday aboard a U.S. transport plane. "The Americans and the Eritreans asked us if we could take care of him. We were the closest place with proper facilities," said Israeli foreign ministry spokesman Evyatar Manor. Foreign Minister Shimon Percs visited Mr. Afwerky at Tel Hashomer hospital near Tel Aviv Tuesday, two days after he awakened from a coma caused by cerebral malaria. Mr. Peres said he expected an independent Eritrea to be "an important friend" of Israel in the Red Sea region. Mr. Afwerky, sitting up in his bed, told Israel Television: "Unfortunately, I'm here on sick leave. I should have been bere on a formal visit. I hope I'll make it in the coming few weeks when I get back home and recover completely."

The television said another leading member of Mr. Afwerky's faction was also treated for malaria at Tel Hashomer, but had been in better condition from the beginning.

'Hiegal' arms shipments case on trial

ORLANDO (AP) -. Repeated warman, by undercover tederal agents that hapments of U.S. minung weapons to Uganda and Libra were illegal were ignored or preeds are a merchanic, a pro-

repair to contentis. Bill datence lawyers for four definition — a former Egyptian an boke geraral, an ex-Egyptian, army colored and two American resident. - arened in federal court 100 relay that their elients were artificipied by overcealous. agents on the A.S. Customs Ser-

The U.S. government charges that the three men and a woman conspired to illegally export 400 Tow anti-tank missiles and 34 launchers to Uganda for nearly

In addition, two of the defendants - former General Mounir Fahmy-Barsoum and New York businessman Nezih Kent - are charged with conspiracy to smuggle Chinook helicopter paris to

Libya for \$15 million.

Stephen Arnold, a U.S. Cus-

other undercover agents set up an Orlando import-export company that was to obtain and ship the weapons for the defendants through third countries. He said the undercover opera-

ioms agent, lestified that he and

tives emphasised to their clients that they would violate arms embargoes placed by the United States on some countries. But lawyers for the defendants

said that no agreements had been reached and that no money changed hands.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Church of the Annunciation Tel. n2354]. Anglican Church Tel. 625385, Tel. Armenian Cathulle Church Tel. nian Orthodox Charch Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 827981, 685326. Evangelical Lutherap Church Tel:

Church of the Nazarene Tcl 475691. WEATHER

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 823824 and n54932.

Bulleum supplied by the Department of Meteorology It will be lan and some clouds will appear at various altitudes. Winds will nutberty moderate. In Agaba, winds will be acutherly moderate and

Jordan Valley 3718 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 7, Aqaba 16, Humidity readings: Amman 62 per tent, Aqaba 45 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN;
 Dr. Mohammad Al Azzeh
 752971

 Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad
 849170

 Dr. Fakher Bilbeisi
 663412
 Dr. Abbas Al Hakcom Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy. Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Sulam pharmacy .. 623472 .. 644945 .. 637660 mcisani pharmacy Dr. Alı Al Omari Al Ouds pharmacy (-)

EMERGENCIES

Civil Defence Department. Civil Defence Immediate 630341 Highway Police ... Traffic Police Public Security Department ..., 630321 Hutel Complaints

Hotel Complaints

Water and Sewerage

Complaints

Amman Municipality 661176 . 787111 one information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls Central Amman Telephone Remains Abdali Telephone Repairs 661(0) Radio Jordan Water Authority

Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615

... 636381

HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann..., 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity......... 642362 Maihas, J. Amman ... Palestine, Shmeisani Shneisani Hospital ... University Hospital ... 636140 845845 Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali 6661 27/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali Lizian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Army, Marka 891611/15 Oucen Alia Hospital 602240/50

Amal Hospital ..

Zarqu Govt. Hospital (09)983323

Zarga National Hospital .. (09)900560 (RBID: Princess Besma Hospital ... Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)275555

Princess Haya Hospital ..., (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanism (RI) information department at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

APRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 65:90 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ)

e 7:15	Sanza (RJ)
97:15	Riyadb (RJ)
09:15	Cairo, Aqaba (RJ)
e 9:39	New Delhi (RJ)
10:15	Beirut (RJ)
19:20	Colombo (RJ)
	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
	Abu Dhabi (RJ)
	London, Berlin (RJ)
	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
	Bangkok, Calcutz (RJ)
	Rome (RJ)
20:30	Athens, Lamaca (RJ)

Other Fil	ghts (Terminal 2)
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DEPARTURES

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	London (
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	Bahrain Doha (
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Upperflower price is fit Apple	es per kg.	
Banana	700 / 700	
Banana (Mukanamar)	640 / 640	
Beans	350 / 300	
Cabbage	120 / 80	
Carrot	250/ 200	
Cauliflower	. L50/ 100	
Cucumbers (large)	300 / 250	
Cucumbers (smail)		
Eggplant	249 / 160	
Gartic	600 / 450	
Grapefruit	. 200/ 150	
LCTROR	240 / 200	
Marrow (large)	250 / 200	
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Onion (dry)	280 / 230	
Onion (green)		
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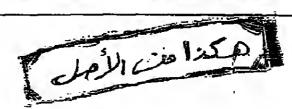
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Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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| Damaeus, Dubai (EM)





ESCWA likely to stay in Amman

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) is more likely to decide to pick Amman as its permanent base after its Jordanian Executive Secretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber completes his fouryear term at the end of this

Under the ESCWA statute, a national of the country where it is headquartered cannot head the organisation and, based on this, a new term for Dr. Abdul Jaber would preclude any ESCWA decision to set up permanent base in the Kingdom.

In an interview with the Jordan Times, Dr. Abdul Jaber said that he had declined to accept a new four-year contract when his current term ends Jan. 31. A new executive secretary will be named next week by the U.N. General Secretary. Dr. Abdul Jaber said his decision "will implicitly or tacitly be taken into consideration" when a decision is made by the U.N. headquarters over where ESCWA will be based.

ESCWA was based in Beirut until the Lebanese civil war forced its move to Baghdad in 1977. Subsequently, the Gulf crisis, which erupted with the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait in August 1990, prompted a further move to

During the J6th annual session of the commission in Amman in September, the first to be held after the Gulf crisis - Lebanon, backed by Syria, lobbied to return the ESCWA headquarters to Beirnt. However, ESCWA members put off a decision until May, when a panel entrusted with the task will meet the planning minis- Jordan's economy. ESCWA also

AMMAN (J.T.) -- King Hassan

of Morocco bas said in a news-

paper inverview that be did not hear a negative reply to his call

for convening an Arab summit

meeting from any Arab country he visited during October and

During the tour, the king said, he discussed the question of hold-

ing a summit meeting and found that differences and problems did

exist at the level of leader to

leader but "these problems were

In an Interview with the London-based Al Sbarq Al

Awsat and the Jordanian daily Al

Dustour King Hassan said that at

the time of his tour the U.S. presidential election was at its

reak and everyone had to wait to

Asked why be visited five countries only during his tour, King Hassan noted that he visited

Syria, Egypt and Jordan as they

were "confrontation states." But

he also visited King Fahd of Saudi

Arabia while be was performing

the lesser pilgrimage and the president of the United Arab

Emirates who visited Morocco

twice a year. Asked about bis

see the outcome of the polls.

not of a unresolvable nature."

November.

Hassan II says Arabs do

not rule out summit



Tayseer Abdul Jaber

ters of the member states. Jordan is expected to intensify efforts to convince member countries of ESCWA to keep the offices in Amman and Dr. Abdul Jaber expects that these efforts will bear fruit despite the strong counterefforts from the Lebanese government. He says that the strongest card in Jordan's hand is its continued state of stability in a region which has faced several crises and conflicts during the

past few years.
The continued state of uncertainty and tension in Lebanon. despite efforts at full recovery, may weigh heavily in Jordan's favour when a final decision is announced in May.

According to Mr. Abdul Jaber, Jordan is required to provide ESCWA with a suitable offices building as well as conference facilities as a condition to its continued presence in the Kingdom. In return, however, Dr. Abdul Jaber is quick to point out, ESCWA has a bi-annual U.N. budget of \$55 million in foreign exchange which is heneficial for

contacts with the Israelis and wbether he would host Israeli

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin

again, the king said that he did

not play host to Mr. Rabin in the

first time, but the Israeli premier

King Hassan said be did not

mind a second Rabin visit pro-

vided there were new elements

for the two sides to agree on for their mutual benefit.

Asked whether the question of

the Palestinian expellees would

influence the peace process, the king expressed belief that it

would not directly affect the pro-

cess. But be said this problem

would affect the position of the

Israeli prime minister "who had

fallen into a trap." However, he

added, if there was a peace plan

no other Israeli party than Labour could achieve it with the

Asked whether Morocco was

afraid of the influence of Alge-rian fundamentalists, King Has-san replied that be had wished to

see the 1992 Algerian parliamen-tary elections take its full course

in two stages and did not stop at

had requested the visit.

employs a third of its 350-strong

staff from the host country.

The overall goal of the commission is to initiate and facilitate concerted regional action for the economic reconstruction and a development of the region, to raise the level of economic activity in Western Asia and to maintain and strengthen the economie relations of the countries of the area, both among themselves and with other parts of the world.

Prominent among the goals of ESCWA, which was established in 1973, is the promotion of regional self-reliance through fostering technical and economic cooperation among its member countries. The commission also acts as a "think tank" contributing to the enrichment of development literature

These services will be more easily available to Jordan if ESCWA sets up permanent base in Amman, since there will be no travel budgeting for our experts who will make their expertise and knowledge available to ministries and concerned development in-stitutions," Dr. Abdul Jaber said. The commission does not charge member countries for its services but bas to make special financial allocations when such a request comes from a country other than the one it is based in.

Dr. Abdul Jaber, who holds a doctorate degree in economics from the University of Southern California, served as minister of labour and social development in Jordan for one year in 1984. Observers expect that he will be brought back to the post or another ministerial level position in March when a resbuffle of the Prime Minister Sbarif Zeid Ben Shaker government is expected to

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Jordan and Chile

have just concluded a three-year

technical and cultural agreement

that officials say would pave the ground for a further bolstering of

The agreement, which was signed by the ambassador of Chile Nelson Haddad and the

Secretary General of the Ministry

of Pianning Safwan Touqan, cov-

relations between Chile and Jor-

Describing bilateral ties as ex-

Jordan,

lateral fies.

Chile

sign technical agreement By Lima Nabil

in the main centre of its five fields of operations in the Middle East: Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, the West Bank and Gaza, said the officials.

UNRWA began operations in

ment, archaeology and tourism. of the agreement, Dr. Haddad said the pact was aimed at further increasing and enhancing friendly cellent, the ambassador said that the 34-article agreement encour-UNRWA beadquarters, which

ages exchange of visits by gour-nalists and intellectuals as well as first operated from Beirut had moved to Vienna in 1978 in the educational programmes and wake of the outbreak of the Lebanese civil war. But it said that the headquarters would be moved back to the agency's field' of operations when security returns to the region.

> in charge of health, educational and other services offered to Palestinian refugees in the King-dom and the other four areas under its mandate.

Queen Noor distributes certificates to nursing students

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Ministry of Health strives to expand nursing and midwifery education in Jordan and to raise the standard of training of nurses to cope with the growing needs in health services, Minister of Health Aref Bataineh said Wednesday.

Addressing a ceremony for the graduation of a new batch of nurses and midwives held at the Palace of Culture under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor, Dr. Batameh said that the Health Ministry was now involved in boosting the capacity of the existing nursing colleges and at the same time providing them with qualified staff.

The Queen distributed diplomas and awards to graduates.

UNRWA department to move to

Jordan

AMMAN - The Education and Audit Departments at the headquarters of United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) in Vienna will be moving to Amman by June or July this year. Other departments will gradually follow suit, probably within two years, according to UNRWA officials

In the November issue of its news letter the agency's Amman office said the Commissioner General of UNRWA Ilter Turkmen bad decided that the departments will cease functions from Vienna and will be established at the UNRWA headquarters branch in Amman in July of this year. The news letter quoted Mr. Turkeman as saying that he de-cided on the move in the interest of the agency.

By moving gradually to Amman, UNRWA will be stationed largest number (38 per cent) of all Palestine refugees registered with

Jordan currently hosts the UNRWA. Some 23 per cent of the refugees in Jordan live in 10

May 1950 to give emergency assistance to the bundreds of ers fields of eduction, science, art, culture, sports youth, jour-nalism, health, social developthousands of Palestinians displaced by the 1948 Arab-Israeli conflict. The mandate of the tion adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in De-cember of 1,949, has been renewed over the years. The 15th mandate extends to June 30, 1993, according to UNRWA offi-

Operating from Jordan, the UNRWA headquarters would be

Deputies, government squabble over civil service employment, authorities

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Tension marked Wednesday's session held by the Lower House of Parliament with angry debates erupting over deputies' request for a list of government appointments in the last three years and a conflict over jurisdiction between the Ministry of Agriculture and the House's Agriculture Committee

The government cited procedural irregularities as a reason for refusing to provide the House with a list of government appointments as requested by 15 deputies who also demanded that the House discuss the "injustice" in civil service employment.

The deputies requested a list of the names and graduation dates of all citizens hired by government agencies and public companies since the beginning of 1990 until the end of 1992 before the House begins its debate of the

In a written request, the deputies said the list could enable the House to have a "serious and objective discussion" of what they called an imbalance that 'intensifies the social threat of

unemployment."
And since the Finance Committee reported a widespread of "paralysis, favouritism and nepotism" in government bureaucracy, "we request that this important issue be debated in the House in accordance with articles 104 and 105 of the internal regulations," the deputies said.

Deputy Prime Minister and Education Minister Thougan Al Hindawi said the government was not "infallible" and might have made mistakes in awarding work opportunities, which gives ground for questioning. But, he saw the internal regulations of the House charted proper channels for such questioning. He said since the debate might

lead to "a vote of no confidence in the government" as pointed out by the head of the Judiciary Committee, Salim al Zoubi, the deputies had no legal grounds for demanding the list.

There are other means speci- ary Committee for a report on the fied in the regulations for con- authorities and jurisdiction of de-



The Lower House of Parliament in session Wednesday (photo by Yousef Al 'Alian)

ducting such debates, he said. Article 104, according to which the deputies made the request, says that important issues of publie interest can be debated by the House if 10 deputies or more demand that in a written request.

Deputy Husni Al Sbiyab argued that the deputies were not aiming for a vote of no confidence in the government and that they bad the legal grounds for demanding the list.

Echoing Mr. Zonbi, he said the request was for discussing gov-ernment appointments and the debate might lead to proposing a vote of no confidence but "that is not the reason behind the re-

The House finally decided to debate the deputies' request in its session on Jan. 21 without settling the debate or asking the government to provide the list.

But if the government was to prepare the list, Deputy Abdul Rauf Al Rawabdeb said, it must also provide the House of names of deputies who tried to use their influence in securing jobs for people they favoured.

Failing to settle yet another tense issue on the floor Wednesday, the House asked its Judiciputies in relation to government

The request came after an angry debate of a conflict the Agriculture Committee had with the Ministry of Agriculture last week over visits it conducted to a number of government agencies.

Mr. Hindawi said Sunday the committee had exceeded its jurisdiction by questioning Agriculture Ministry employees wbile ments without informing the minister.

The committee denied the charge but House Speaker Abdnl Latif Arabiyat asked the panel to prepare a full report on the con-

In a detailed report Wednes-

day, the committee said it had informed the minister of its intentions to visit agricultural centres and organisations in the country in the course of its efforts to study the agricultural situation in the It said its visits were not aimed

at investigating or questioning officials at these sites and asked why the government was objecting to these visits.

Minister of Agriculture Fayez
Khasawneh said his objection was

not to the visits but to the inves-

tigation of ministry officials in a way that violated the internal regulations of the House. He said the regulations identified proper channels through which deputies could question government offi-

Deputy Abdul Karim Al Dughmi suggested the minister and the committee settle the issue in a private meeting but Dr. Arabivat insisted the House debate it bevisiting ministry-affiliated depart- cause it goes beyond the conflict at hand to the rights and jurisdiction of House committees.

> The House will give its say on the matter after it listens to its Judicial Committee's report.

Also on Wednesday, the House asked the government to draft a law on a general union for students while Mr. Hindawi said the government will present Par-liament with a draft law on teachers union next week.

The House, which started its session on a sour note with Dr. Arabiyat warning deputies to attend the House sessions on time, will hold its next meeting Sunday.

Many deputies have been missing or coming late to House sessions, causing delays and some times failure to meet because of

Moroccan economic team | Poultry farmers due Monday for talks

trade and economic team is due here Monday for talks with Jordanian officials on means of implementing a trade and tourism agreement signed by Jordan and Morocco last year.

Ministry of Industry and Trade Secretary General Marwan Awad told the Jordan Times that the team represents Morocco's side in the joint follow up committee entrusted with overcoming obstacles impeding trade exchanges. The team will also assess the level of economie and trade links between the two countries, said Mr. Awad.

Mr. Awad was quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, as saying that the follow up committee will lonk into means of stimulating trade and tourist exchanges in implementation of last year's agreement.

Casablanca during a Jordanian delegation's visit to Morocco.

Among the subjects agreed on with the Moroccan side was the exchange of visits by businessmen

from the two countries, the creation of the joint committee and the removal of customs barriers facilitate trade. Jordan and Morocco have organised trade fairs in Amman

and Casablanca in the past year, and, according to ministry officials, 80 Jordanian firms sold at least JD 1.2 million worth of national products through the Jordanian fair.

Jordan displayed engineering, chemical, construction, agricultural and industrial products along with home appliances and carpet and leather commodities.

protest low prices AMMAN (J.T.) — A Moroccan The agreement was reached in MADABA (Petra) — Poultry prices go down below production

farmers Tuesday voiced their complaint about their continued losses due to the decline in the price of ponltry meat, and urged the concerned authorities to interfere and help save the farmers from a catastrophe.

Engineer Sbaqi Karadsheh, director of one of the poultry farms in the Madaba district, said the farms were selling one kilogramme of poultry at 600 fils in summer and 650 fils in winter but production cost stands at 710 fils n summer and 750 fils in winter.

Madaba district has a total of 67 poultry farms with 665,000 birds, producing nearly 5,000 tonnes of meat annually. Only 2000 tonnes are being consumed, said Mr. Karadsbeh.

He said local farmers cannot cope with continued losses as the poultry meat.

cost and demanded that the concerned authorities stop issuing licences for more poultry farm in

Over the past three seasons, the poultry farmers reported heavy losses due to the decline in the prices and the soaring production cost..

Several farmers interviewed by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, proposed a number of solutions urging the government to come to their help through allowing the Ministry of Supply to buy the total production and to keep it in refrigeration to be sold during poultry meat shortages.

They also demanded that more slaughter bouses be set up around the country to regulate the production and marketing of the

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Zayadin says communist party abides by Constitution, Charter

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Jordan Communist Party is guided by the Jordanian people and culture and is not directed by any foreign sources, party leader Yaqoub Layadin has said. The party's programmes are determined on the basis of the priorities and needs of the Jordanian people, Dr. Zayadin said in a seminar held on Tuesday at the Arab Youth Forum.

The party was denied a licence by the Ministry of Interior last month but Dr. Zayadin said that "Jordan needs the Communist Party more than ever.'

He explained that the party abides by the National Charter and the Jordanian law, claiming that article 23 of the Constitution emphasises the rights and duties of the Jordanian workers more than the party's programme.

"We work for a Communist reality that implements social equality and raises the value of the buman being in accordance with the existing laws," he said. "Fordan has come a long way With the process of democratisation," said Dr. Zayadin "and we have proposed to merge with the

Islamic and National currents Since it is appropriate to unite to stand against the Israeli threat and the Western imperialism, and improve the situation in our country." But he said the party still has its differences with these movements.

He said the Jordan Communist Party is a national independent party which in 1947 called for the acceptance of the U.N. partition plan for Palestine and severely criticised for it."

The party is divided over dif-

vasion of Kuwait while prominent party member deputy Issa Madanate was more sympathic with the Iraqi action. Subsequently, Mr. Madanat establisbed his own party, Jordan Democratic Socialist Party and has applied for a licence from the

government.

Attributing the failure of Communism in the former Soviet Union to the "misconduct" of its leadership, Dr. Zayadin said: Communism did not fall as an ideology but as a model that was oractised in the wrong way and the wrong time."

Dr. Zayadin said that the socialist October Revolution in Russia in 1917 had its positive and negative aspects. It turned Russia from an undeveloped to a superpower state that had contributed in liberating several countries from colonialism. "The former Soviet Union has done a lot for the Arab World in terms of armament and development projects," he said.

"The misinterpretation of socialism and bureaucracy in the institutions and factories created a class which tended to rule for its own interests, and the government abused the concept of a one-party system which is sup- munism before applying the Islaposed to be guided by the people. mic doctrine.'

the French Cultural Centre.

ferences on the Gulf war as Dr. So the party was alienated from Zayadin condemned the Iraqi inthe people," said Dr. Zayadin.

publications.

He said Marxism became a religion in and off itself, and ethnicity and nationalism were ignored while concentrating on the arms race exhausted the eco-

But despite these "mishaps," Dr. Zayadin said that there could be no alternative to Marxism. "It" is the only solution yet we need to reconsider some issues and avoid past mistakes." Asked if the Communist Party bas a chance of retaining its lost

power in the former Soviet Union, Dr. Zayadin said "the Marxist ideology will rid itself of those who do not helong to it. There is an operation team in every Communist Party to review the application of Communism. He said the problem with Com-

munism is that it did not learn from capitalism, which bas taken a lot from Marx. He said Communism is the first doctrine that deals with the mind and mentality and is not an athiest dogma.

Compared to Islam, Dr. Zayadin said that the core of Communism exists in the Arab Islamic culture, "Islam talked a lot about the bases of Communism and we cannot apply Com-

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Legal injustice

TWO YEARS after the United States and its allies first wreaked havor and destruction on Baghdad. Western jetfighters returned to Iraq Wednesday evening to attack what they claim to be a potential threat to Western forces illegally roaming the skies of this war-ravaged country. Once again, the attack was faunched in the name of United Nations Security Council resolutions and international legitimacy. And once again, it will fail to resolve the problems that have sown the seeds of conflict in the area.

By any serious standards, the strike exposes the hypocrisy with which the West is approaching regional conflicts of the new world order. Regardless of the message Washington sought to drive to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and of the pretext to justify it, the bembs thrown on Iraq yesterday served to remind a conflict-prone area of the double standards and selectiveness of the U.N. and its Western masters. No one could argue against the protection of civilians from oppression. But no one here believes that human considerations are the driving force behind the swiftness with which the U.S. and its allies deal with Iraq. If the West is so keen on not allowing injustice to stand, why then is it lamely reacting to the killings of armless civilians in Posnia-Herzegovina, where Serb forces are violating a U.N.-imposed "no-fly zone", in defiance of tive world community. It was only this month that Israel expelled hundreds of Palestinians from their homeland in violation of international law and Securits Council resolutions. And while more than 400 Palestinians continue to suffer in a makeshift camp in frozen weather conditions, the world is doing little more than sweet-talk Israel into reversing what the U.N. considered 2" illegal action.

Iraqi civilians should be protected. But new raids, killings and destruction will not ensure them the safety haven they seek and indeed deserve. That will only subject them to more suffering and fear. While we renew our call for democratic reforms in Iraq and stress that Iraqi resources should be directed towards rehaliding and ensuring the well-being of the Iraqi people, we cannot but condemn the hostilities against Baghdad as an unjustified and illegal encroachment on the sovereignly of Iraq. If the West is interested in securing the safety of Iraqi citizens, it claims are suffering under the Iraqi regime, it will show concern for all iraqi people: Kurds, Shittes and Sunnis. Those people need democracy and freedom. But they also need food and medicines they are directly or indirectly denied under the bite of sanctions that are no longer, at least legally, justified.

The strike against fraq betrays obliquity, resonates with hypocrisy and bodes ill for a region that needs to hear the words of constructive dialogue and not the raltlings of guns.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AS THE Arabs meet in Carro and the Muslim nations meet in

Dakat demanding that the U.N. Security Council resolutions on Palatina and Bosina Herzegovina be implemented, the western movers are mishing ready to attack Iraq, said Al RA'I Arabic daily Weshined is The paper said London and Washington continue their Oreast against the Iraqi people, who are defending their soil ind condoning the atrocities rómunipald by a Council resolutions. While the threats are being escalated and the wat muchinery being readied against Iraq, nothing is said by the colonial powers against Israel's rejection of Resolution 799 concerning the Palestinian evictors, the paper pointed out. The British and the Americans keep bragging about human rights and the international legitimacy demanding that Iraq respect the U.N. resolution. But they lend to condone Israel's disrespect of any of the 1 N. recolutions concerning the Palestinians and condone Sole is continued occupation of Arab land, the paper continued. a finite in professinguinst the massacring of Muslims in the former Vitaminyon, said the daily. While the threats are being levelled against the trageleader hip, the Palestinian deportees continue to face expusate and continue to suffer. The paper said that the vestern leaders who are directing their guns at Baghdad are all throllyed in a conspiracy against Islam and the Arabs.

SAWT 41. SHAAB daily described the Arah foreign ministers' meeting in Carn assuccessful and constituting a very positive step motor is regetablishing solidarity among the Arab countries. The purer and that now that the Arab foreign ministers succeeded to speak in one voice, they are expected to address the U.N. Security Council demanding an unplementation of Resolution 799 concerning the evicted Palestinians. The Arab foreign ministers, said the paper, are also expected to demand that Israel be punished if it finds to comply with the U.N. resolutions. Israel, which continues to defy the world community and reject all its resolutions, considers itself above the intenational law, the time has come for the United Nations to deal with the situation, called the paper. It said that the foreign ministers' response to the Palestraian calls reflects the Arab governments' desire to act in concert to help the Palestinians regain their rights and to support the Lebinese government in its just and honourable sand. The Rabin government, said the paper, has been betting on interarab differences hoping that the Arab governments would not take a collective action. It said now that the Arabs proved their stand at the Cairo meeting, a practical step and a meaningful action are expected from the United Nations in this regard.

French plan for Bosnia camps becomes embarrassment

By Andrew Gumbei Reuter

beration).

PARIS - Eager to be seen as acting to stop the bloodshed in Bosnia, the French government seems to have shot itself in the foot with a proposal to liberate Serb prison camps that has drawn widespread criticism.

Foreign Minister Roland Dumas statement Sunday that France was prepared to act alone and use force if necessary to close down the camps has caused consternation and embarrassment.

U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali urged France pointedly not to jeopardise international peace efforts, Serb leaders tbreatened retaliation against French U.N. peacekeepers and even fellow cabinet ministers sought to distance themselves from an idea some saw as impractical and even foolhardy.

"Sometimes f think people are not taking seriously enough what war entails," Prime Minister Pierre Beregovoy said . . Monday night in a veiled rebuke.

Defence Minister Pierre Joxe said Mr. Dumas must have been misunderstood, pointing out that French troops serving with the U.N. in Bosnia were not stationed in areas where suspected rape and torture camps were sited and could not act unilaterally.

The man Mr. Dumas planned to send to oversee their liberation. Health and Humanitarian Affairs Minister Bernard Kouchner, said U.N. resolutions did not allow use of force to open the

The French media seized on the disarray, splashing headlines such as "what a mess" (France Soir) or "Domas' own side brings him back down to reality," (Li-

The centre-right opposition accused Mr. Dumas of recklessly endangering both Muslim prisoners held by the Serbs and French soldiers serving the United Naly in Somalia. tions in ex-Yugoslavia.

"These proposals are scandalous and astonishing, based on illusion and could endanger prisoners' lives," centrist Deputy Gerard Longuet said.

'I don't understand bow a man with responsibility for such an important issue could make such fantastic proposals.

For once, even Radovan Karadzic, the Bosnian Serb leader, found agreement in France when he accused Mr. Dumas of trying an "election stunt." Struggling to avert a landslide

defeat in parliamentary elections in March, the Socialist government faces growing public de-mands to do something about the slaughter and reports of mass rape and torture in the former Yugoslav republic.

French politicians and intellectuals have pleaded not to let atrocities continue with impunity. Some have travelled to the besieged Bosnian capital of Sarajevo in a gesture of solidar-

President Francois Mitterrand himself made a dramatic visit to the city last Jane to help start a .N. relief airlift.

His visit probably heightened ressure on bis government to come ever more deeply involved on ex-Yugoslavia when allies such as Britain and the United States have been more

sanguine.
Diplomats say France is also

driven by a determination not to allow the United States to upstage Europe in its own backyard. French officials bristle at the way Washington took the lead recent-

But Mr. Mitterrand has been very cautious on military action. He and outgoing U.S. President George Bush agreed in principle last week on the need to enforce a ban on flights over Bosnia. But he insisted the Geneva

talks must be given a chance before the international community took further action. Mr. Dumas has taken severa

highly-publicised initiatives which diplomats say have exasperated U.N. and EC mediators trying to negotiate a peace settlement with the rival factions in Geneva.

On January 2, he made an impromptu visit to Geneva and met the rival faction leaders without prior consultation with the mediators. Cyrus Vance and

Last Wednesday, the French government announced that Mr. Dumas had achieved agreement in principle to declare Sarajevo an open, demilitarised city. But the Bosnian Serbs withheld their accord and Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic said no one in Paris bad been able to explain to bim what the proposal meant.

One cannot have it both ways," Jean-Pierre Langellier wrote in the newspaper Le Monde, "Either the international community pools its efforts...or else everyone acts alone in a disorderly fasbion. Whatever its intentions, France will be suspected, once again, of having nanted to jump the gun."

Bosnia and Palestine — untold cruelty grows in the shadow of empty threats

By Con Coughlia

IN STRICT geographical terms, the barren bills of southern Lebanon may have little in common with the rugged mountains of central Bosnia, but there is an unmistakeable parallel to be drawn between the fate of the 400 Palestinians who spent Christmas week on the Lebanese border and the thousands of Muslim refugees

trapped in central Bosnia. For it has been the profound misfortune of both the Palestinians of Gaza and the Muslims of Bosnia to have been accepted as a cause celebre by Muslim leaders

throughout the world. As far as the Palestinians are concerned, of course, this is nothing new. Even before the establishment of Israel in 1948, Muslim leaders have devoted countless hours of rhetoric to ranting about the injustices committed against

the Palesunian people. More recently, Bosnia-Herzegovina has been tripping freely from the lips of every self-respecting, politically correct figure in the Islamic World with the same passion that they once used to refer to the Palestinians.

The fate of the Bosnian Muslims at the hands of the Serbs has been roundly condemned by them as yet another example of the double standards employed by the West.

ff only the Balkans contained large oil reserves, then the West would be more prepared to assemble a Kuwait-style liberadon force to arrest the murderous Serbs. Or, at least, that's the implication that underscores much of the Muslim world's cri-

And yet, with respect to the plights of both the Palestinians and the Bosnian Muslims, while

opportunity to criticise the inadequacy of the West's response. they display less enthusiasm when it comes to putting forward their own plan to action.

Arab leaders, of course, argue that they have fought quite enough wars on behalf of the Palestinians. To make such claims is disingenuous. Whenever a Nasser, Hussein or Assad has turned his guns on Tel Aviv, seeking justice for the Palestinians has always been low on his list of priorities.

Indeed, the plight of the 400 Palestinian deportees in southero Lebanon is, in many respects, the result of years of Arab indifference to the Palestinian cause. Had the Arabs been rather

more diligent in pressing the cause, there would bave been no for the Palestinians to launch their own uprising, the intifada, five years ago.

And it was as a consequence of the failure of the established Palestinian leadership — Yasser Arafat and his cronies -- to make sufficient capital out of the uprising that the grassroots turned increasingly to Hamas; the Palestinians' Islamic fundamentalist wing.

Hamas's success in reviving the intifada is ultimately the reason why the Palestinian deportees last week found themselves stranded. And while, as has happened so

much in the past, most Arab governments jumped at the opportunity to lament the Palestimans' plight and condemn Israel's lack of compassion, they have been less forthcoming about providing tangible help. Certainly, any marooned Palestinian even faintly aware of the plight of

Islamic leaders never miss an Bosnian Muslims would have been under no illusions about how the rest of the Arab Work would respond to their forced-

deportations. Ever since the Serb armed forces concentrated their focus on Bosnia last summer, the great and the good in the Islamic World have shouted their indignation

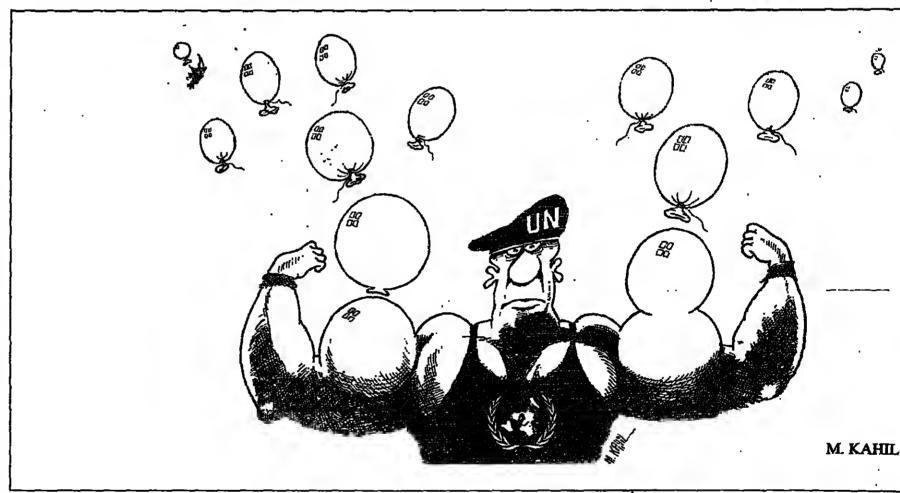
from the mosque-tops.

But, in terms of supplying prac-tical support, they have fallen well short of their oft-proclaimed call to jihad, or holy war. Tangi, ble support for the Bosnian Muslims has been confined to a raga-muffin group of volunteers who have been more a hindrance than a help to the militias fighting the

Serbs. In the new year, Islamic leaders, under the auspices of the Islamic Conference Organisation (OIC) have ned threaten to break the U.N. arms embargo, a gesture which does little to scare the Serbs and more to conceal the. fact that the Islamic World has bardly lifted a finger to the help the Bosnian Muslims.

Indeed, the inability of Islamic leaders to utter anything other than empty threats undermines the argument, which has been enthusiastically advanced in some quarters, that Islam constitutes the single greatest threat to western hegemony as the century approaches its end.

Leaders who are unable to help a few bundred Palestinians stranded in Sonthern Lebanon. or the tens of thousands of Bosnian Muslims, surrounded by: maniacal Serbs, are hardly likely to summon either the courage or the resources to hammer at the gates of Vienna — Sunday Tele-



Will President Clinton be the same as candidate Clinton?

By Barry Schweid The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - Would it be stated optimism. churlish to suggest even before he takes the oath that Bill Clinton the candidate and Bill Clinton the president-elect may not be the same man?

Mr. Clinton the candidate sang the praises of public schools. Mr. Clinton the president-elect is sending his daughter Chelsea to a private school that costs more than \$10,000.

Mr. Clinton the candidate left the strong impression, at least with Haitians, that they would have a far better chance of gaining asylum in the United States. He said he would change President Bush's policy of turning

away all Haitian refugees. Mr. Clinton the president-elect says he will allow refugees to petition for temporary political asylum, but not permit "mass

emigration."
Mr. Clinton the candidate pledged to cut the federal deficit in half in four years. Mr. Clinton the president-elect appears to be backing off, blaming the Bush administration for camouflaging the magnitude of the deficit

Promises are hard to keep, as Mr. Bush discovered with his promise not to raise taxes. He, too, had to confront the reality of understated revenues and over-

Fact is, no chief executive. especially in the modern era, has been immune from contradictions between campaign promise and presidential reality.

Dwight Eisenhower, revered to this day as an honest man. oledged if elected to go to Korea. He didn't say what he would do about the war when he got there. But just saying he would go had the desired effect of making the voters believe he had the right prescription.

Richard Nixon, whose track record was already questionable, said he had a secret plan to end the war in Vietnam. Undoubtedly, that helped him get elected. The war was tearing the country apart and it went on for four more years.

Jimmy Carter said he would withdraw American troops from South Korea. He won, and he

Ronald Reagan campaigned long and hard against the Panama Canal treaties, but observed them scrupulously as president. He promised to balance the budget. and both he and Mr. Bush campaigned for a constitutional amendment requiring that that be done. But neither man ever submitted anything close to a baClive Soley performed a public service when he established an informal committee of fellow members and called a series of public hearings in advance of the second reading of his Freedom and Responsibility of the Press Bill. The central feature of this is a statutory body appointed. directly or indirectly, by the home secretary, it would have the power to force newspapers to correct factual inaccuracies. A newspaper that ignored an instruction from the new authority would be liable to unlimited penalties for contempt if the High Court upheld the ruling.

The hearings indicated that Mr. Soley is proposing to use a clumsy and dangerous stick in an effort to crack a small, wizened nut. As Lord McGregor of Durris. chairman of the Press Complaints Commission, told the committee: "Direct intervention by a statutory body carries great risks of censorship." Moreover. the pseudo-legal tribunal would have all the weaknesses of a court of law and none of its advantages. Its powers would be so great that those called before it would. reasonably, demand legal representation and insist on due pro-

cess being followed. The authority's search for truth would often prove futile, hut would provide endless scope for pressure groups. A reference to. say, the circumstances in which the state of Israel was founded and large numbers of Arabs abandoned their homes would

Power and the press produce irresolvable complaints from Ziomists and Palestinians. Yet in recent years newspapers

THE LABOUR backbencher have become far more willing to correct genuine errors of fact. Many (including the Independent) have appointed readers representatives and given them freedom to investigate and adjudicate when reporters or editors do not automatically concede that they have made a mistake.

The issue that should concern MPs and the press is the complex question of privacy and the public interest. This is not always susceptible to legal intervention. For example, people are distressed when reporters pester the victims of grievous assaults or the relative those who have died or suffered injury in a disaster. Yet others are subjected to a form of siege by journalists camped outside their doors.

Next month Sir David Calcutt will deliver his second report on privacy. He could usefully start by addressing the extent to which the law has failed to keep up with technological advances that enable journalists - and anybody with the necessary equipment to bug rooms and telephones, to pluck from the air conversations made on car phones or to snatch photographs from great distances. The activities of the electronic eavesdropper and the automated Peeping Tom should be severely restricted. But legislation controlling surreptitious sur-veillance should apply to everybody, not just journalists.

however, be able to plead poblic interest in mitigation if brought before a court. It would then be for judge and jury to decide how much weight should be given to the claim. The leaking of in-

formation about the state of Nor-

man Lamont's Access account. was an invasion of privacy. The. leaked news that public money. had been used to meet part of the costs incurred in removing a dubious tenant from a flat in his house was in the public interest - The Independent.

LETTERS

Keep up the good job

To the Editor:

I have been living in the United States for the last eleven years. Recently I came back to Jordan and decided to visit one of our neighbouring Arab countries.

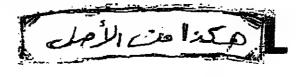
I was pleasantly surprised, at the border, by the fact that the police and customs officers are well-organised and they treat

travellers politely and respectfully. This, along with other things, makes me proud of my country.

and of my being a Jordanian. So I would like to full-heartedly thank the border people for doing a wonderful job and helping reflect Jordan's image as a country of good, professional, efficient people.

Amgad M. Frana, P.O. Box 1184, Irbid.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused



Lebanese- American writer takes women's, ethnic causes close to her heart

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

MMAN — The customs officer recognises the Arab-, or lapanese-, but the Syrian woman, walking towards Leonnecting flights, made no mistake. She had met an merican on the plane."

This last paragraph of an article written by Elmaz Abinader, Schenese-American writer, appeared in The New York Times ther the headline "Here I am an Arab; there an American" result of an incident that happened to her at Heathrow liport. But contrary to what it might suggest, it is not an ngy cry against obvious discrimination.
It is not, because in Ms. Abinader's writings she does not

assigudgment; rather, she lets the behaviour condemn itself. nd it is not, because the writer is not bitter against life's justices; she only seems determined to correct them. It is "the gap between my life and my heritage," says Ms. binader, now on a tour of the region that will take her to nidi Arabia and Yemen, besides Jordan, at the invitation of

Her family's tradition of recording in writing the events of jeir lives goes back a long way. "Father writes, mother keeps daily journal." (Her father's diaries - he was a trader on the mazon in the thirties — form the basis of a doctoral issertation she wrote for the University of Nebraska). This and Ms. Abinader's love for writing and for 'the old эттгу" (Lebanon) made it imperative for her to put pen on

aper and produce poetry and prose.
"I am a poet of identity, of a concern, of a culture, of a istory, and these influence the vision of the poetry. More enerally, being an Arab-American poet is a political statenent that suggests we are, none of us, only writers, but writers hose lives have been fashioned by histories and philosophies net who choose to bring the personal experience of this

lifite into universal terms in the images we write." This seems to be the personal philosophy of the young rifer. Bot it is not her only tenet. With surprising precision, or someone so widely read, with such an eclectic background nd with such a cosmopolitan outlook, Ms. Abinader is quick o appropriate Reiner Maria Rilke's creed: It is not important pudderstand but to live the question rather than to find the

And her book "The Children Of The Roojme, A Family publicy," published in New York in 1991, is an illustration of is." Abunader's beliefs.

As the title suggests, the book is an account of a family's

ruggles in the Middle East and in America. But, as ebanese-American author Joseph Geha says in an article. ne novel is "more than a chronicle of immigration; it also ramatises the plight of those left behind in Lebanon as they ndured famine, war, plagues of locusts, epidemics and family ivalries. These last were over prestige, mostly, or money, or eats in the church - all fairly petty were they not occuring at he same time that the oppressive Turkish rulers played amilies off against one another and dealt out violent unishments.'

Roojme is a symbolic word; it means a stone terrace, xplains the writer, formed of stones thrown in the process of ulding a house. "The terrace is an important place in our ulture," a place where "the family sits watching the night sky, stening to the stories of loved ones."

The stories of her loved ones fed her childhood, says Ms. binader, reminiscing how, as a little girl, she would listen to er parents telling stories of "a romantic, mythical place for a place where fruit were bigger, water tastier, the tountains higher."

And the recorded stories of her family members are sources f her writings. She is a storyteller, just like them, but she



Elmaz Abinader

influence my writing."

avows having had stronger motivations for writing: "I was in a society which did not accept me that easily. It was the gap between my two identities that pushed me to write."

Her works are fiction and non-fiction and her passion is a source of inspiration to many a student she teaches in her capacity as associate professor.

It does not come as a surprise that Ms. Abinader teaches creative writing, poetry, composition and ethnic literature, given her inherited talent for telling stories. As for the ethnic literature hreaking fresh ground, she says:

"Society in the U.S. started accepting people from other cultures, and backgrounds." A source of inspiration for those who want to express their own ethnicity, says the writer, is provided by the native

Americans and the Afro-Americans. "They come from a world of their own tradition, music, culture. They include that in their lives. Similarly, different aspects of the Arabic culture, of the inner music of its language, come out in my rhythm (of writing). Food, landscape, passion for my family and love for literature

The following stanza from the poem "The Burden of History" is illustrative of the impressions left on the writer and the way they shape her writing:

in the swirling air; the Syrian wind whines

of doors and archways. And the story is told: the trip over the mountains, the stones, the slaves, the dying horses, in five languages. In the ceiling are the faces of Cleopatra, Marc Antony, and Caesar, turned away.

to Baalbek, the Romans brought their temples, their tombs, Their long tables. And the pillars rise, rise in the night, golden, like light, like everything in the desert.

In the "Arabic music", the music of the poem is dictated not by some artificial rhythm, but by the writer's introducing the reader to the sounds of everyday life in a village:

Arabs sit making rababas. One is playing softly sliding the bow across the horse hairs which are stretched over a tight skin.

From a restaurant, I can hear an Arab in long black robes beating coffee

invent songs about their day, laughing at the rhymes they make. I hear a radio from a house and young chatter. But soon it is quiet, and I start my own small song.

This sonic world is perfectly complemented by one of visual images, olfactory and taste representations in the poem "Global Darkness":

...The stats of my blinds will open slightly and stripe my table and the wooden bowl of unripened peaches, the ceramic jugs on the shelves, the mantle cloth embroidered with oceans. My spine will unfold in the light. I will know it is morning by the cracking of the city bones.

If you blot out someone's sun, you must send them lemons they can cut slowly into wedges to squeeze with a cupped hand, the juice will cradle into a bowl of mashed eggplant. You must gather jonquils, no other flower will do. They will scoop the dust from the cups to smear on their children's cheeks when they play in the black dust outside their bouses.

Ms. Ahinader's poems are anthologised. Now she is writing prose and dedicating part of her time to teaching her students to write. As for her plans for the future, "travelling all over the world" figures prominently, accompanied by the desire to "try to empower other ethnic writers and women to overcome discrimination. Women are not given that much attention; patriarchy is strong. And as long as they say "woman writer they discriminate.

While avowing the desire to fight inequity and to erase "woman and ethnic" from near the word 'writer,' she also expresses pride in belonging to a different ancestry:

Being an Arab-American poet is also a gift to my heritage. my only way of thanking my ancestors for my voice, my colour, my hair, my parents and siblings, and for the mountains and waters of Lebanon which stay in my memory." Let's hope that Ms. Ahinader will become a source of inspiration for some Jordanian students too.

Al Dustour newspaper, the second-largest circulation daily in the country, is suffering from the repercussions of an acute, yet hopefully temporary, case of schizophrenia over the controversial press and publications law. When debate over the legislation was started by the Lower House of Parliament, Al Dustour readily. opened its pages to a number of journalists who challenged certain articles of the law as unfair and essentially undemocratic. While the other two Arabic dailies were slow to react to the law. Al Dustour helped create a lively debate and sometimes carried as many as three commentaries on the subject in one day. But, as all good things have to come to an end, the newspaper suddenly changed course and at least two of its top editors opted to go on record in defence of the draft law. The bidden hand of the minister of information, whose family owns majority shares of the Al Dustour parent company and practically runs it, were blamed for the volte-face. Despite the fact that the minister is known to have been initially opposed to quite a few articles of the law, he now appears to be going all-out in its favour. So much so in fact that he accused the Jordan Times, at a recent debate, of serving Israeh interests by vehemeotly attacking the law. This change of heart on the part of Mr. Sharif is easily understandable in light of the job he occupies, but for a veteran journalist like him to describe the new legislation as "progressive" and to accuse its opponents of serving Israeli interests is a bit too much, many observers and analysts say. "Mr. Sharif will probably sooner than later rejoin the journalists' ranks, but he is unlikely to be remembered as the minister-journalist who championed press freedoms and rights," a prominent journalist maintains. "A bad law is a bad law, even if its sponsors invoke national security in its

Television viewers and newspaper readers will have easily noticed that Mioister of Social Development Amin Mashagbeb was the target of an uoprecedented heavy criticism by Muslim Brotherhood deputies during the budget debate in Parliament last week. The most fiery of his critics was the House's Finance Committee chairman and Tafileb Deputy, Abdullah Akaileb, who accused Dr. Mashaqbeh of "falsifying" the results of a study conducted by his ministry of the financial needs of different governorates in the Kingdom, Dr. Akaileh described the findings of the study as "misleading and vague," The true story about the Islamists' attack against the minister actually lies in the work, operation and management of the ministry's National Aid Fund, which is in charge of distributiog financial assistance to the needy in the Kingdom. The fund now has as its head Mr. Farouq Badran, who is an Islamist. The Minister, being uncomfortable with the fact that Mr. Badran has the ultimate say on who gets assistance (and can in return expect votes and support from those whom he chooses to belp) has been trying to curtail Badran's power, to the extent that he recommended to the Council of Ministers bis outright removal. The Muslim Brotherhood naturally reacted strongly to the minister's attack and launched a two-prooged onslaught of its own. The first was, needless to repeat, the parliamentary criticism. The second, and the more important perhaps, is an alleged behind-the-scenes effort to keep Mr. Badran in his job. The speaker of Parliament (no less) quietly intervened with the Prime Minister to reverse the decision, and the effort worked. What was left for the overruled minister to do in the face of overwhelming political odds? One answer is to direct TV cameras to social hot spots and shed light on what his ministry has been doing to solve festering socio-economic problems there? Appareotly that is what he has opted to do.

Basil Jardanch, it seems, is not the only person who is unhappy about his continuing to occupy the minister of finance job. He is now joined by some others who want bim to leave that senior post. It is more or less common knowledge that Mr. Jardaneb, he be allowed to leave the Cabinet and take control of the affairs of his own company, the Jordan Investment Bank. During last month, however, it became evident that a few others share bis desire to quit, albeit for totally different reasons than his own. Al Aswaq weekly newspaper published an article in mid December under the title of "Minister of Finance...the private sector bates you." Shortly after that, the weekly Akhbar Al Usbou, which is owned by tycoon Isa Rimoni, who is also deputy from Jerash. declared itself also a Jardaneh "hater". The reasons: Mr. Jardaneh kicked out of his office the newspaper's editor-in-chief and an "Iraqi businessman" who had accompanied him on the visit. The weekly's report on the affair stated that Jardaneh was imply asked about the list of items that could be imported by Iraq without busting the embargo of course. "But the minister suddenly started raving and threatening" the story went on. Not a very convinciog story perhaps, but one that nevertheless partly explains why the finance minister does not hold a high opinion of the Jordanian press.

The long band of the law has again intervened in a case involving deputies Laith Shbeilas and Yacoub Qarrash except that it is time to mend fences between them and not to fence them in. The bearers of bad news tell the Jordan Times that one day recently Sheikh Oarrash drove to Mr. Shbeilat's office for a friendly visit. Upon arrival he was met by a hostile group of employees who wanted him to "leave Mr. Shbeilat alone." The verbal argument between Mr. Qarrash and the employees scalated into a loud verbal encounter and ended with the Sheikb being thrown out of the office." Deputy Shbeilat did not take part in the quarrel, the sources say. However, bruised and upset, Deputy Qarrash did not fail to utilise the event to his advantage and demanded that a "jaha" (tribal mediation group of wellknown personalities) come to his bouse and ask for forgiveness. And that is precisely what happened, with Mr. Shbeilat joining in

Lower House Deputy, Fakhri Kawar, who is also a columnist for Al Ra'i daily, is finally singing the swan song of his daily column. The decision to stop writing is not taken for lack of material to write about, he said in a farewell column Saturday, but because "a third of my columns are thrown out" by the editor. Mr. Kawar's column bas been running (on and off) for years now. And while "Jordan has declared on all levels that democracy has become a way of life," be said, "the press continues to shackle its writers, place hurdles in the way of their words, and ban their opinion from seeing the sunlight." Mr. Mahmoud Al Kayed, the editor of Al Ra'i, was not asked to comment on the latest episode in the sometimes heated relations between him and Al Ra'i writers, but according to inside sources, the deputy constantly ruffles feathers at the newspaper by tending to invoke his Parliamentary immunity against his editors. "He does not check bis facts thoroughly, and he likes to tackle taboo subjects," said one of the sources. "Besides, we have just received a letter from one Hamad Jaber, a Jordanian citizen, saying he will be happy to miss Fakhri Kawar's daily article. It is also said that Mr. Kawar's opposition to the press and publications law in Parliament discussions has been too lukewarm for the taste of his editors and fellow writers. By the way, the now-silent deputy has just beeo elected president of the Arab Writers Association, and that job alone should keep him busy.

Nermeen Murad

Syria's old cars never die, just soar in price

By Issam Hamza

Reuter AMASCUS — Nader Kali und the car of his dreams hile hunting birds in a Syan desert in 1988.

It was a wreck. in a country where cars ver die Kali saw the parased, parts-shattered 1932 ord Eight Special Saloon as a sasure — buried under more an four decades of undisrbed dust.

"It took me two years of ard but pleasant work to store and repair the car,' it Kali, accustomed to inging jalopies back from e dead in his work as a vare-parts dealer.

Kali said his painstaking restoration work, aided by the wizardry of local mechanics as well as parts ordered at great cost from the United

The four-cylinder Ford, believed to be Syria's oldest roadworthy car, "now has a market value of \$50,000," he

A government ban on car imports for individual huyers is a strong incentive to resurrect and maintain vintage

The ban assures buyers of old cars a smart return on their investment even after more than a generation of rugged use.

In one case a man bought a Mercedes Saloon in 1954 for 10,000 Syrian pounds, or about \$2.600. He used it as a taxi for 25 years, then sold it States, paid off in the end. for an eighteen-fold increase

in value. As a result of the price incentives cars are almost never scrapped. Mechanics return total wrecks to the road even after horrendous

> Craftsmen turn out reproduction parts for cars whose parent companies went out of husiness half a century ago.

> The restorations have spawned an incipient car culture in Syria, with enthusiasts

vintage auto shows and motor races.

Observers link the activities to an easing of official restrictions in the country. ruled for some 30 years by the hardline Socialist Baath Party.

Fashion shows and beauty contests have highlighted the trend, along with the appearance of luxury goods such as caviar and perfume, once strictly outlawed to stem the outflow of foreign currency.

Wael Hadaya, a member of the newly-established auto fanciers' "Steering Club," said the group hoped to organise an international Middle organising the country's first East car rally to revive the Syrian-Lehanon-Jordan ralhies of more than 20 years

"I have a hig interest in cars," said Hadaya, a wealthy husinessman.

"I took part in a racing event at the peace and love festival in Latakia in 1991 before the establishment of this club."

He said he won the race in a BMW, hut now "I'm looking for an old Mercedes or a Jaguar."

Diplomats say the incentives for restoring old cars may diminish when the government implements an expected easing of import rules and newer cars become avail-

In the meantime, Kali zealously guards his bornagain Ford, driving it only at night when streets are emptied of cars. He has another car for

everyday use, a spry Pontiac Roadmaster convertible only 45 years old.

He said he bought it from a Damascus man who claimed it was once owned "hy the famed Arah female singer Asmahan."

Kali said he plans to save the Ford to use during his wedding.

"After my wedding I might consider lending it to my friends," he said.

Kuwaiti ice rink makes few concessions to tradition

By Jonathan Wright Reuter

UWAIT - "No skating in shdashas" says a notice on e door, banning the long hite robes that are the evyday dress of Kuwaiti men.

"It's very difficult to skate a dishdasha," explained bidul Wahah Al Bannay, anager of Kuwait's ice skatdd. It's not the image we

With loudspeakers blaring music by M.C. Hammer d a video games arcade in cafeteria, the rink is ined a piece of modernity nd to reconcile with the ditions of a country where was once something you ad about in travel books.

But forty years of wealth have changed Kuwaitis and after school Wednesday the rink is crowded with teenagers, girls and boys together, vying to show off their skat-

ing skills.
In summer the temperature outside might be over 50 degrees Celsius (120 Fahrenheit) but inside the vast Olympic-size hall it is a constant 15 degrees (59 Fahrenheit) and 33 miles (53 km) of underground piping keeps the ice frozen.

Mr. Bannay said it cost the state-owned Touristic Enterprises Company up to 30,000 dinars (\$100,000) a year in electricity to keep the climate at bay, far more than in temperate countries.

But with about 440 customers on an average day, the rink is making a profit. If it did not, the state would probably cover the losses to keep the young off the streets and out of trouble.

For the rink is one of the few places in the city where boys and girls can mix in public away from their elders - a practice which the management seems to encourage.

"This is a very modern place. We don't want to say 'this is forbidden, this is forhidden'," said Mr. Bannay. The rink even gives girls a

30 per cent discount on season tickets to try to even out the numbers. "We get more boys than girls, which is not very surprising. In the old days girls didn't come out of their houses," said one of the

One concession to

Kuwait's Islamic background is a smaller separate rink for women who prefer not to skate in front of the menfolk. They come wrapped in black, their heads in scarves, and change into tracksuits in a room at the back.

But Luba Birşelyova, a Czechoslovak who instructs women and children, said the girls shunned ladylike figure skating in favour of hockey skating, faster and more exhilarating.

"As soon as they can skate they buy the bockey skates. They want to be fast," she

Mr. Bannay said some Muslim clerics had once obiected to the rink but had not pressed the point.

"Thev didn't like us because of the loud music but

we haven't changed," he said. "Without the music it would be deadly. You can't skate without music."

The music can be a little daring. "I love the way you touch my body" went the lyrics of one song. "The pants stay on" was the refrain of a funk number by a woman

Rashed Al Najada, disc jockey and a regular skater almost since the rink opened in 1980, said the only complaint he ever had was that the music was not right for dancing.

only rink in the Arabian peninsula and probably in the whole Middle East. Others have since opened in Saudi Arabia and Dubai in the United Arab Emirates.

When it opened it was the

But the Kuwaitis, who like to be first in everything, are dismissive of their new rivals. "They're complete beginners. They've only been skating for a year and a half,"

Kuwaiti ice hockey team. Gharin is preparing for a match in Dubai, the team's first abroad since the rink reopened in June last year.

said Walid Al Gharib of the

The rink closed on Aug. 2, 1990, the day of the Iraqi invasion. and after liberation in February 1991 it took three months to do repairs and clear up the mess.

A contingent of Iragi soldiers had camped at the entrance and in September 1990 a mysterious fire broke out in the basement, leaving soot all over the walls.

Instant knowledge

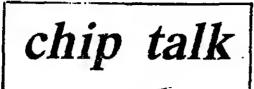
By Jean-Claude Elias

The Personal Computers — PCs — with their virtually limitless possibilities, often give their users an euphoric feeling of power and polyvalence. Power because PCs can easily store and process enormous amounts of data and at very bigh speed, polyvalence because of the many different types of tasks one can perform on a computer.

From word processing to data hases, spreadsheets to engineering, drawing to music, management to real-time machines control. communications to games, the programmes available to the user of modern PCs cover an amazingly wide and diversified range. And because of the relatively low cost of these programmes - software - one is understandably tempted to get most of them.

However getting a programme to draw architectural sketches won't make an architect out of a layman, at least not overnight. It's surprising how people with a reasonable dose of intelligence and common sense, lose touch with reality and logic when it comes to computers, as if caught by a spell. Ask them if a pen and a few sheets of paper will make anyone an Ernest Hemingway, and you will certainly get a negative reply. But they will probably believe that a PC with a nice drawing software will get them closer to Leonardo Da Vinci. Where did common sense go?

I have experimented with practically all types of software, only to find that specialised programmes are designed for specialised people. Try to use AutoCad, an engineering drawing package, without understanding the basics of technical drawing and you will get nowhere. Or a MIDI - Music Instrument Digital Interface - programme, without being able to play a single piece of music. Naturally one can always go through the demonstrations and pre-stored drawings or music pieces that every smart



software developer integrates into their work in order to promote it, and you will have the very pleasant but how deceptive feeling of having achieved something.

Computer dealers in Jordan often have to argue with their clients who want "... every software that can go on the hard disk...," especially if the said software is pirated and costs nothing. One of the advantages of using original software that you pay for, is precisely the fact that you think twice before buying it and therefore get only what you really need or think you can effectively use.

Instant knowledge does not exist, neither at college nor with computers. If learning through PCs can be more fun and motivating than with traditional books at school or university, the process is nevertheless similar and requires a lot of work. There is absolutely nothing wrong in acquiring a PC with a drawing software for someone who is not an artist, provided he or she realises that there is a learning process to go through, and that this process requires as much work and creativity as a more traditional method. Like a pen, a painthrush, a pocket calculator or a guitar, the PC is just another tool.

THIS WEEK IN HISTORY

Thursday, Jan. 14

1784 - United States ratifies peace treaty with England formally ending American war of independence. 1907 — Earthquake in

Jamaica destroys Kingston and takes 1,000 lives. 1942 - Forces under U.S.

general Douglas MacArthur resist Japanese attacks on Bataan in Philippines in World War II.

1962 - At least 36 Algerians and Europeans are killed in disorders and terrorist attacks in Algeria's major

1988 — Ten Palestinians detained in Jerusalem in apparent clampdown on Arab activists.

1990 — Azerbaijani attacks on Armenians leave hundreds dead in Baku Soviet Union.

1992 — Israel opens peace talks with Jordan and resumes bargaining with Palesti nians.

Friday, Jan. 15

1535 — King Henry VIII assumes title of "supreme head of the church" in England.

1877 — Austria agrees to remain neutral in event of Russo-Turkish war.

1932 — France completes pacification of French

1943 — Japanese forces are driven from Guadalcanal island in Pacific in World War

1966 — Death count surpasses 400 as flood refugees begin returning to hillside homes in Brazil's capital of Rio de Janeiro.

moment and ask

mind scenes from a war movie.

wanted to buy a ticket.

ticket vendor.

you'll win).

1973 — Pope Paul VI tells Israel's Prime Minister Golda Meir at vatican he supports an international Jerusalem.

1986 — Communist Party chief Mikhail S. Gorbachev proposes plan for 'ridding the Earth of nuclear weapons within 15 years."

1989 - Riot police in Prague, Czechoslovakia, use water cannon and dogs to dis-perse at least 2,000 people who defy ban on independent

1991 - U.N. deadline for withdrawal of Iraqi forces from Kuwait passes without incident, as efforts by French and others to resolve crisis diplomatically fail.

1992 — EC recognises Slovenia and Croatia as independent states.

Saturday, Jan. 16

1666 - France, allied with Holland, declares war on En-

1964 - Austria and Prussia send ultamatum to Denmark for repeal of constitution calling for incorporation of Schleswig. 1969 — Soviet cosmonauts

achieve first linkup of two

manned spaceships while in orbit around Earth. 1973 - United States and South Vietnam declare cease-

fire in Vietnam war in hopes of full peace pact. 1979 — Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlevi flees Iran after new civilian government is

approved in parliament. 1991 — U.S. and U.N. allies launch airstrike against targets in Iraq and Kuwait nineteen hours after U.N. deadline passes at 12:00 midnight, EST, using fighters

By Roufan Nahhas

Special to the Jordan Times

A man living in the streets of Amman carries lottery tickets

in one hand and a walking stick in the other. He roams with

no destination in mind, stopping at every corner to gaze at

the cars passing by, looking deeply inside your eyes

wondering if you will notice his existence, stop for a

His name is Khaled and he was pushed onto the streets

after an accident at his place of work prevented him from

working anywhere except perhaps on the streets as a lottery

this." he said, showing me his half-leg which brought to my

"No one wants me to work for him because I look like

"I am doing fine now and maybe I will have the chance to

win the big prize," he said with a smile, asking me if I

I stopped, amazed for a moment, and unconsciously

(unaware of my movements) opened my wallet, took the

last two dinars and gave them to him. He gave me the

lottery ticket saving "insha'allah terhah" (God willing

For a second I thought this conversation was about to

end, but I managed to draw his attention back to me by

asking about his family. He looked at me with surprise.

Putting the tickets down, he bent his small body and

relaxed on the pavement. I sat next to him wondering what

things he will say to a complete stranger. He started

for your ticket to untold wealth.

and heavy bombers; attack is deemed successful by U.S. and undetermined military and industrial targets are reported destroyed.

1992 - Two PLO leaders are shot.

Sunday, Jan. 17

1759 — Holy Roman empire declares war on Prussia.

 Sand River convention establishes South African Republic of Trans-

1959 - Federal state of Mali is formed by union of republics of Senegal and

1990 — Medellin Cartel says it has lost drug war and offers skeptical U.S. and Colombian authorities an end of terror in exchange for

1991 - Second and third airstrikes against targets in Iraq and Kuwait are launched; at least six Iraqi Scud missiles are launched at Tel Aviv, Israel, and three explode in that city; White House calls on Saddam Hussein to withdraw from Kuwait in exchange for end to hostili-

1992 — Israel began enforcing a sweeping curfew on Palestinians from the West Bank to the Gaza Strip.

Monday, Jan. 18

The lonely stranger

1701 - Brandenhurg's Frederick III is crowned Frederick I, King of Prussia. 1913 — Greek and Turkish naval forces battle off Tendos

at school, never listens to him.

someone to talk to.

yelling back at them.

anyone" over and over.

1918 — Russian constitutional assembly opens in Pet-

Anti-British riots break out in Egypt. 1963 - Government of Charles de Gaulle in France

insists that Britain be barred from European Common

1986 - Fierce fighting in South Yemen's capital city of Aden interrupts evacuation of foreigners.

Wednesday Jan. 20

1262 - England's parliament meets for first time.

1925 - Soviet Union and Japan form alliance; Britain and China sign treaty of Peking.

- Soviet Union threatens Greece with economic sanctions if it agrees to the installation of NATO missile bases on Greek terri-

1968 — President Aref's regime in Iraq is deposed, and new government is formed under Al Bakr.

1989 — George Bush becomes the 41st president of the United States.

1990 — Soviet troops storm Azerbaijani capital of Baku, leaving dozens dead and wounded, as President Mikhail Gorbachev defends action on national television.

1991 - In Moscow, hundreds of thousands of Soviet citizens protest bloody crackdown on Lithuania and demand resignation of Gorbachev.

By The Associated Press

speaking in a low voice about how his elder son, who works

at a company, brings his friends to the house without permission from the father. Even his little girl, who is still

For a moment I wanted to stand up and leave behind this

He went on talking about the unsolved problems he

man's sufferings, but I could not. I thought he needed

faced with his wife, who also happens to be his cousin and

who evidently demands a lot of things. He said his wife

began her day by cursing her parents for forcing her to

marry him. There was sadness and deep unhappiness in his

litany of family problems. He said he hated to go home to

relax simply because it is never easy to relax in a two-room

house with seven children shouting and his wife constantly

lot of friends and I do not need a family," he said.

"I live here and I am not ashamed of that. In fact I have a

I kept listening while he seemed never to be able to stop.

I stood up trying to find the appropriate words to help

alleviate his pain. But the only words I could come up with

were the dry, commonplace: Don't worry, man. Everyone

has their problems. Things will change for the better,

A car stopped beside us and without a word Khaled

stood up with dignity and, using his walking cane, moved

towards the car hoping to sell his lottery tickets.

His pride and dignity made him repeat "I don't need

Gloom buster

By E. Yaghi

When you're down and feeling blue, When you're sad and don't know what to do... Who do you call? The Gloom Buster!

Everybody loves the Laugh Man for he's a gloom huster. He shoots laughter from his penetrating laser like Tinkle Bells sprinkles magic. He lives in a mystic land of Nod on top of the Big Rock Candy Mountain where chocolate bars are stacked to the stars and you stand right there a-countin. He hates gloom and depression and most of all, tears. His enemies are frowns and ill intentions that tend to flourish in the minds of many. He listens attentively for his sensitive beeper which he keeps pinned to his shirt to bleep a signal of someooe in distress who suffers from a bout of gloom. As soon as he is notified of such a case, he zooms away from his mountain abode in his golden chariot drawn by two white unicorns and rushes to the scene of the latest crime of

The only fee the Laugh Man charges is a smile or at least downpayment of a willingness to participate in such an effort. So, his services are free and his reward is to see happiness replace the folds of fret. He catches his laughter from Dream River where men who sail down this emerald passageway can be whatever they want, and from falling stars which he gathers pieces of and puts...in his pocket for

Last week was a routine one for the Laugh Man. First, he heard a bahy crying. He flew to the scene and there, was a tiny tot who had just had his candy stolen from him. Whoever said "like stealing candy from a baby," overexaggerated, for the Laugh Man knows how much a haby howls when something he likes is taken away. Immediately, the Laugh Man placed a red and white sugar cane in the bahy's small chubby hand and with a zip of his laser, erased the tears that had stained the cheeks of the little victim and replaced them with a glowing smile and the happy ring of

Next, he visited a student who was worried about passing ao exam. He approached the youth who had his head sunk in his hands as he sat beneath the shade of an eucalyptus tree and asked, "What's wrong, son?"

The boy inquisitively looked up at the smiling Laugh Man and replied, "I'm so afraid I'm not going to pass my exams! What will I ever do if I fail?"

"Why you'll simply try harder next time, my friend. It's not as if your passing or failing is the end of the world!" And he beamed his sleight of hand in a swirl of pink and left the young scholar with a happy smile and a seed of hope in his heart. Then he visited a sad writer who stared gloomily out of his office window with a tear trickling down his literary face. "Pray tell me, what's wrong with you, Sir

Author spun around on his heels and replied with a sulky scowl, "Oh, woe is me! The grief in my heart spins itself into sorrowful tales. What can I do?"

"Well, you know something, Mr. Author? You're stories really are sad, even your explanations for their sadness are sad," and before he could even zap joy on the writer, they both broke out in a roar of laughter. He left the literary man with tears running down his face. However, they weren't tears of unhappiness, but caused by a fit of mirth.

And when he heard of an old widow woman moaning because she had had so many children that she had not known what to do and now was all alone and no one to care for her, he appeared right beside her and spoke in a loud voice so she could hear, "Dear lady, why do you groan

He noticed her hands were worn from knitting and cooking and cleaning and washing for her so many children and her face was knotted in creases of worry. "I have no one to share my lonely moments with! My children are all gone and grown and now when they don't need me, they forgot that I exist. It will be a good thing if they come for my funeral. This is what I get for all my hard work and sacrifice to raise them the best way I knew how!"

"There, there now!" the Laugh Man coaxed. A look of concern replaced his usual happy countenance and he said outloud, "I'll just have to see these ungrateful offsprings

He zoomed off in his chariout of gold without even remembering to flash laughter around the elderly one and went to each of her children where he said to them one by one. "Shame on you! Did you forget all the work your old mother did for you? Go at once and love and take care of

Before he left, he made sure to witness the scene of all her brood converging on her and the largest smile he ever saw replaced all the lines of worry that had been on her

On the way home, he stopped off at the hospital for minor repairs, for even the Laugh Man needs medical attention once in a while. The doctor told him in a stern voice but ending with a kindly smile, "You've been neglecting yourself again. You work too hard spreading happiness. You must rest here for a few days!

So, the Laugh Man spent a few calm and peaceful days in the hospital and before he left in complete healthy recovery, he had every nurse, doctor and even janitors going around with hig grins on their faces and were confronted with an epidemic of contagious laughter.

Everybody loves the Laugh Man. He is a welcome guest that visits too seldom but he is right there dwelling in the hearts of all good folk in the world, they just have to look for him. Remember, if you're blue and don't know what to do, just call. The Gloom Buster!"

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday Jan. 14 8:30 Uncle Buck - ...

9:10 The Human Factor

A famous surgeon tries to place blame on one of the stu dents but eventually accepts it himself.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Movie Of The Week

The Guys

Starring: James Woods

Smoking can cause terminal cancer to non-smokers — this is the story of Walter Palmer.

Friday Jan. 15

8:30 Coach

Big Brother, Little Brain

Dober plays big brother to Charlie, an eight year old kid, but Charlie is a lot of trouble and wants Dober to marry his mother and become his dad.

9:10 E.N.G.

Victims

Channel 10 News exposes a situation of police racism.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Columbo

The Murder Of A Rock Star How and wby did Mr. Cryton

kill his lover Miss Nancy? This is the mystery Columbo will reveal this week!

Saturday Jan. 16

8:39 America's Funniest Home Videos

9:00 Perspective

9:30 Varieties

10:00 News In English

10:20 Feature Film The Return Of Sam McCloud

Starring: Dennis Weaver Citizenship McCloud, the U.S. senator, goes to London to investigate

the murder of his niece. Sunday Jan. 17

8:30 Family Matters 9:10 Documentary

10:00 News In English 10:20 Law And Order

Monday Jan. 18 8:30 Step By Step

10:00 News In English 10:20 Vietnam

9:10 Sherlock Holmes

First Anniversary

In 1964 Australia decided to join the Americans in the war against communism in Vietnam.

Tuesday Jan. 19

8:30 Perfect Strangers

(Left to right) Jack Ellis, Andrew Hawley, Helen Mirren, lan Fitzgib-Tiernan, Craig Fairbrass, Richard bon, and Philip Wright star in Prime Suspect, Tuesday at 10:20

> 9:10 The Dirtwater Dynasty 8:30 Saved By The Bell The Dream

arrives in Australia in search of a dream to build a dynasty out of dust, water and a fist full of courage. Withio days he meets and falls in love with Kate, a zealous missionary's daughter. Their affair is brief but long enough for Richard to pledge his love and promise to marry Kate as soon as he has found a job. He treks on and his efforts are rewarded. He stumbles onto an abandoned property. The previous owner bas left the Title Deed for "whoever is mad enough to want it:" The deed is for 60,000 acres and Richard is mad enough to want it!

10:00 News In English 10:20 Prime Suspect

Jane Tennison gets a confession but is not convinced, and Bob Oswald arrests a young black suspect who commits suicide in his cell.

9:00 Spotlight

Eastwick is just 20 when he 9:30 James Randy

Mediums Is There Anybody Out

There? And If So, What's In It For Us? In the first of Granada's new series on the Paranormal, James Randi: Psychic Investigator, the magician, escapologist and psychic researcher looks at the "Mediums." "A question that has pestered mankind for as long as there are re-cords of such eternal problems, is whether we survive death," says James Randi. "Some people say they can reach beyond the edges of mortality and contact those who are deceased. Philosophers debate this endlessly, but there are those who claim to be able to provide proof." In front of a studio audience, four well-known mediums try to reach the "other side" and prove their powers.

10:20 Echoes In The Darkness



2 4 80

Wednesday Jan. 20

10:00 News In English

Heir to Muppets' empire maintains legacy

By Robert Shelton LONDON — Brian Henson, 29-year-old president and chief executive officer of the production company that makes the world merrier with its charming puppets called The Muppets, sees his team as "an extended family." But

the son of the late company

aware that he's the head of an international empire - with studios for TV and film production in London. New

"We were the first TV producers to be able to claim our work has been seen in more than 100 countries."



Brian Henson is proudly following in his father's footsteps, adding on new projects

York and Los Angeles.

from Kermit the Frog to Miss Piggy, he explained, "are timeless, eccentric and not trendy. They can appeal to millions in different cultures." Henson, who has an open, cheerful face for an international tycoon, makes it clear that he dearly wishes he were not in his present job not that he doesn't enjoy it. He acceded to the Muppets throne at the untimely death of his father two and a half years ago. "He'd been working very hard, as usual." Henson said. "He came down with the flu and died in a day. He was only 53, and it was a tremendous shock for all of us."

Henson said. The Muppets,

Thirty-five years ago Jim Henson pioneered his spectacular menagerie of creatures and unique hrand of technical wizardry that has delighted children and adults on the world's TV and cinema screens. Brian Henson first got involved in the company in 1981, when he was 17, during a summer break from boarding school, and worked on the feature film "The Great Muppet Caper."

At 20, he joined the company full-time, performing marionettes and handling puppeteering and directing. He led a team of puppeteers who performed Hoggle in the feature film "Labyrinth" in 1986. Later that year, he was co-supervisor of the crew of 40 performers required to manipulate Audreiy II, a giant, man-eating star of the film "Little Shop Of Hor-

Henson's other credits in-

clude puppeteerinng in "The Muppets Take Manhattan" (1984), Disney's "Return To Oz" and "Santa Claus: The Movie" (both in 1985). In 1990, he was puppeteer coordinator in the Jim Henson/ Nic Roeg film "The Witch-es." And the widely seen film "Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles" (1991) had Henson as chief puppeteer and second unit director. Along with these feature films, TV also kept him busy. He performed in the Emmy award-winning

Of particular pride to him "Storyteller" series and its sequel, "Greek Myths." He got another Emmy for outstanding direction of a children's programme for the "Mother Goose Stories" and is currently co-executive producer of the Dinosaurs TV "Everyone thinks that be-

cause the Muppet puppets are so direct and uncomplicated that putting together a Muppet show is easy," Henson said. "If they could only know what goes on behind the screen, or under the screen, to get things coordinated, correctly timed. I suppose it's got to do with the art of concealing art, as the old saying goes.

The young production ex-ecutive likens the Muppets to a family, with most of the Henson clan deeply involved in the father's legacy. Brian's brother John has done "some puppeteering." His eldest sister Lisa was, until recently, a senior vice president of pro-duction at the Warner Brothers film/TV studios. His sister Cheryl is a vice president of Henson productions. American by parentage,

Henson married a Scotswoman, Ellis Flyte. "We've lived in London for the last eight years, but now I frequently visit our New York and Los Angeles studios. 1 don't have too much to do with the Los Angeles scene of smart parties, and I don't particularly feel at home with the cigar-smoking producers and businessmen of Hollywood. There is always business to be done, but I frankly prefer the creative side of things," he said with candor.

are the fine reviews and good box office enjoyed by the recent release of the "Muppet Christmas Carol," based on Dickens' "A Christmas Carol." This is the first Henson feature film in eight years and Henson's first as top producer and director. "Working with Michael Caine and the puppets was a great pleasure. He is such an excellent: actor, and all those closeups of him as Scrooge are great because of the subtlety of his acting," Henson explained.

A sign at the Henson studios in a former post office in Hampstead, North London, neatly sums up the approach of the Muppet team: "Adults at Play." Down in Camden Town, there's another studio - called Jim Henson's Creature Shop - where much of the elaborate costuming, sets and background fixtures are designed and made.

Christmas Carol" is the first time in Muppet history that the puppets worked on a story not specially written for thein. "We liked the idea of accepting the Muppets as

A scene from "The Muppet Christmas Carol"

celebrities," Henson explained. "We chose Dickens because it's a classic story, but also liked the idea of mixing the irreverent wit of the Muppets with the somewhat dark world of Dickens. It's a story of redemption, of the miser Scrooge, hut there is also room for fun amid some of the scary ghost tales. I think the Muppets' comedy works so well in a dramatic story," he added. Critics and audiences are showing they agree.

With so much on Henson's agenda, you wonder how he can keep track of it all. Muppet sequences for the 23year-old Sesame Street television series will, of course,

continue. The Dinosaurs The Muppet team is quick to refer always to "the legacy series will continue to be of Jim," but are in high morale with his eldest son. made in London and, in a few months, 'Dog City," a new Muppet TV series, will start. Jim Nelson, a puppeteer. commented, "Brian certainly has his dad's ahility and in-Henson is particularly excited about plans to convert the sight, and he has his own vi-sion as well. We all went to fairy tale-oriented musical "Into The Woods" by work in a way that would have pleased Jim. Brian Stephen Sondheim into a live-action movie. And the original "Pinocchio" story is above all. soon to go into production, in association with famed Hollywood filmmaker Francis Ford Coppola. "He was planning

"We all wanted to make sure we could continue my dad's legacy," the new Mup-pet master added. "We're all here now to prove to ourselves and the world that we can - and that Jim Henson's magic lives on" -World News Link.

From Germany to Grenada, Elvis stamps rock around the world

By Charles J. Gans

The Associated Press NEW YORK — Young Elvis the rockahilly, old Elvis the lounge-lizard, patriotic Elvis in an army uniform fans can find almost any portrait of "the king" they like on Elvis Presley from around the

The U.S. postal service, whose 29-cent Presiey com memorative stamp went on sale Friday, is a relative latecomer in the race to cash in on Elvis' likeness.

At least 13 countries and territories have put Elvis on their stamps, ranging from West Germany to tiny Caribbean islands.

Their postal services weren't constrained by the U.S. requirement of waiting at least 10 years after a person's death to issue a stamp. Some countries don't even wait for a celebrity to die. Last year, the Caribbean island nation of St. Vincent put out a nine stamps of Madonna in va-

rious poses. "I guess the United States has come around to seeing what other countries have already found out - that there is a great profit to be made by putting popular peo-

says Fred Baumann, staff writer for the weekly Linn's

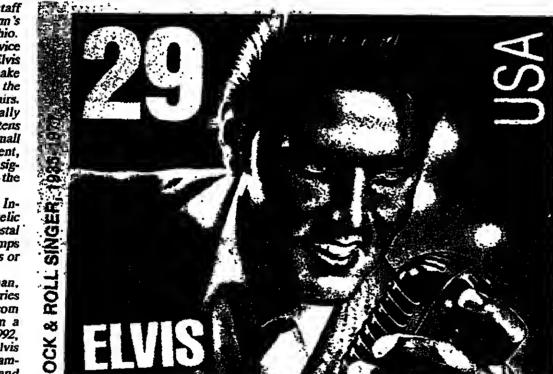
Stamp News of Sidney, Ohio.
The U.S. Postal Service
has printed 500 million Elvis stamps, and expects to make more than 20 million on the stamp and related souvenirs.

Other countries usually issue Elvis stamps in the tens of thousands. But for a small intry such as St. Vincent Elvis stamps can make a significant contribution to the state treasury.

The New York-based Inter-Governmental Philatelic Corp. Assists foreign postal services in marketing stamps designed to appeal to fans or topical collectors.

A company spokesman, Daniel Keren, said countries can make anywhere from \$50,000 to \$500,000 from a single Elvis issue. In 1992, the firm distributed Elvis stamps from Tanzania, Gambia. St. Vincent, Antigua and Palau, a U.S. trust territory in the Pacific.

At New York's Camhridge-Essex Stamp Co., eight dollars will buy Tanzania's set of nine Elvis stamps and a souvenir sheet. The East African nation didn't worry about whether to put the young or the old Elvis on



The winning stamp design of the stamp that went on sale in the Elvis Presley commemorative U.S. this week

troversial.

its stamps - they showed Elvis in all the stages of his career - as a young rocker with a pompadour, a cleancut soldier and puffy-faced

Las Vegas showman. "Entertainment is a big field right now in stamps, said company president Richard Ellis. "Elvis stamps

sell very well." The first attempt to issue an Elvis stamp — as in the United States - was conIn 1978, just a year after "the king's" death, a private firm working with Grenada printed a stamp with a youthful Elvis framed in a guitar, but the government of the Caribbean island nation repudiated the stamp and it was never valid as postage, said Baumann. Grenada issued an Elvis stamp last year. The first legitimate Elvis

stamps - eight stamps and a souvenir sheet - were issued by St. Vincent in 1985.

In 1988, West Germany issued a stamp with the older Elvis - in a gold-and-blue Las Vegas costume — in a series on rock stars with John Lennon, Jim Morrison and Buddy Holly. Part of the proceeds went to pay for youth projects.

Other countries that have issued Elvis stamps include Guinea, the Central African Republic, Dominica, Malagasy, Comoros and Congo, according to Baumann.

Baumann cautions that so many Elvis stamps have been issued that they don't make

particularly good investments. "They're good as keep-sakes," he said. "If Elvis has a warm place in your heart, you'll enjoy having his face

оп a stamp.".

Moscow's rock-opera'Hamlet' reflects crisis of change

"Who made this farrago?" shouted an angry customer at the end of a preview in a studio at the Moscow Arts Theatre, custodian of con-

"Hamlet" has the genesis of a rock opera with international appeal, but a huge commercial success is not Kurginyan's first aim. He wants to punch home a didactic warning to people here in the transition from Communism.

He is not an angry young

critic of Russian society.

The stage is littered with animal skulls and witchcraft rituals for the spirits of the

forest. A revolution has occurred, a ruler is overthrown. Crowds topple his statue, Russian style, as when the 1917 Bolshevik Revolution succeeded and the 1991 Kremlin coup failed.

A primitive state descends further into barbarism.

The play closes as in Shakespeare's version with the stage littered in corpses but with none of the original's resolution. The audience is left with a sense of a darkness without end.

Whatever its artistic merits, "Hamlet" reflects current dismay among many intellectuals, for centuries a pampered elite, now neglected.

Western pragmatism troubles them. They see no ideology or structure in reforms.

They fear a loss of "Russianness." Keeping a sense of a unique national spirit and identity matters to Russians,

The free-market economy is a myth," said Kurginyan in an interview after the final night of the show's pre-opening run.

Russia, he said, could only switch to "an Asian type of economy," but this transition would "bring Fascism and nothing else.

a model for it contained monolithic companies and a virtual power monopoly

under a veneer of democracy.

Russia, he said, was attempting a profound change in its culture and society for only the third or fourth time in history, but the proclaimed objectives "will lead to a new type of life which is death, a transformation that is impossible." Kurginyan, trained as

a mathematician and geophysicist, brushes aside suggestions that his brash "Hamlet," with a bohemian-dissident flavour, has Western box office ingredients.

only be in Russia," he says. A non-conformist conservative democrat, he is a maverick on the theatrical scene. His last production, "The Shepherd," about dictator Josef Stalin, ran into trou-

anthem brought some in the audience to their feet.

Tokyo grooms home-grown designers

By Yoko Kobayashi Reuter

'Piпocchio,' and so were we,'

Henson explained. "We de-

cided to work together rather

than compete with the same

TOKYO — Struggling young fashion designers are being offered a superb deal — they provide the designs and a group of city businesses lay on everything else they need to stage a top-class fashion

The aim is to nurture young designers who have lots of ideas but not enough money by providing the stage they need to show off their talent, and promote Tokyo as a fashion capital at the same

"Someone had to take on the role of an incubator," said Nobuyuki Ota, chairman of Tokyo's Council of Fashion Designers (CFD). "We told young designers to bring in their clothes and stage directors and we'd take

care of the rest." CFD held its first such show, called "Tokyo Collection Annex" last month. It was sponsored by Toyota, Tobu Stores and Ikebukuro

Terminal Building. Most up-and-coming designers are products of the 1980s designer fashion boom, signed up by apparel manufacturers to come up with

designer hrands. But with many of the manufacturers unable to establish their brand names, most projects ended in failure, leaving young designers with little training and only

cancelled contracts. "Japanese firms invest all at once, then suddenly withdraw," Mr. Ota said. "But in the U.S. they do it gradually and, if it succeeds, then they really invest."

These setbacks forced the young designers to set up their own offices in Tokyo's fashion district and hold their own shows, which becameincreasingly expensive as the city's office rents soared.

But Mr. Ota recognises that young talent has to be nurtured if Tokyo is to become a fashion centre.

"The rise of new designers is essential to revitalise any fashion capital. They will be

the primary factor for bring-ing change," he said. The highlight of the Tokyo Collection Annex was a joint

show featuring work from five up-and-coming designers in front of 400 people at a major department store. A Cuhan hand set the mood with upbeat Latin music before Norihisa Ota.

who went independent only this year, kicked off the show. He is no relation to Mr. Ota of CFD. Black and red combinations twirled on stage, includ-

ing a straight black knit dress. accented by red gloves and red turtleneck collar.

Yuji Yamada, five years an independent, came next. He dressed his models in long jackets of soft green and grey over dresses with slits at the hack.

Milan-based Kenichi Ogawa was third. His models' blouses were made of knitted red polyester strips inlaid with silver dots. Worn with a white knit skirt and long car-

Takashi Ohno, who went independent this year, was

His models wore white "mop" wigs and beige seethrough jackets cut to below the knee and accented with hlack-and-white stitching around the collar.

Kyoko Higa, independent since 1990, finished the show. The models were decked in red, 'yellow, orange, purple, green and blue fabrics, with a sun motif on the upper half and trotting horses and green cactuses on the bottom half.

The jacket featured soft pink frills and four pink and white rose designs.

CFD plans to stage more shows for other young designers and hopes to propel Tokyo into the first division of fashion capitals, along with New York, Milan and Paris, where some Japanese designers are already based.

The first Tokyo collection, featuring Japan's top designers, was held in 1985. The CFD show could become another landmark in Japan's fashion ambitions.

ple like Elvis on a stamp,"

By James Flannery Reuter MOSCOW - An apocalyptic vision of Russia as a brutal Fascist wasteland is stunning

classic tragedy "Hamlet." Bewildered traditionalists walk out as a deafening rock show adds far more sex, sorcery and sadism than William Shakespeare imagined at Denmark's corrupt court.

Moscow audiences at a

heavy-metal version of the

Most spectators are too numb to applaud at the end of a no-interval, three-hour - orgy of relentless music and political parable, enacted by zombie-like survivors of dis-"Death, death, death,"

"Macbeth." The show drastically rearranges but retains the basic plot: troubled Hamlet seeks to avenge the murder of his ing uncle who has swiftly

" scream witches who seem to

have wandered in from

married the young prince's

mother. ventional stage classics.

"All the words are Shakespeare's," replied controversial creator-director Sergei Kurginyan. Cut and reedited, this

"It's more a phenomenon than theatre," he says.

man, Middle-aged and wear-

ing a grey, three-piece husiness suit, he looks more like a bank manager than a radical

His tumultuous version of "Hamlet" is the expression of a conservative intellectual troubled by the uncharted path of pro-democracy market reform.

The backdrop is a huge tattered and boled cloth the shape of Russia's map. Moscow appears to have been destroyed. The time is the indefinite future, after a catastrophe.

implements of shamanists, the sorcerer-priests who lead Siberian tribes in animist

clamped uneasily, as they see it, on a country unsuited to them hy its nature and his-

a deeply patriotic people.

He said Japan, the world's second richest state, was not

"My highest success can

ble with Moscow authorities. He said the show was forced to close in November because its use of the now discarded Soviet national

Ghana adds vitamin A to reduce child deaths

By Hunnah Tapang

BOLGATANGA. Ghana: Handing out vitamin A capsules is a temptingly convenient way of attempting lo tackle a major worldwide deficiency — but improving diets may be a better longterm response.

A three-year trial in a dry Savunnah region of Ghana concluded that providing vitamin A supplements reduced child deaths, because deficiency increases vulnerability to the consequences of diseases such as measles and diarrhoea.

Commented director Dr. David Ross: "Supplementation may prevent one in five deaths and may be the most potent intervention we can make to reduce child mortality levels rapidly.

Added co-director Dr. Paul Arthur: "The reduced risk of death was also reflected in the illness experience of children. Those who received vitamin A supplementation were less likely to develop illnesses that required treatment at a health centre or a hospital.'

Child blindness in the area is also said to have been almost eradicated in the trials, the first major study of its kind in Africa.

"If vitamin A can prevent children from going blind, then why not give it?" asks Gerdy van Noort, head of the maternal and child health care unit of Presbyterian Rual Health, which helped run the; Ghana trial.

Globally, nearly 13 million pre-school age children are at risk from irreversible eve damage from lack of vitamin A. All face increased risk of premature death.

The Health Ministry is following up the trial with a feasibility study in the region which will link supplementation with its immunisation programme.

Ōne problem will be finance. A Health Ministry proposal for supplementation

I CAME IN LAST By Joel Davajan

in two districts for less than

three years put the cost at about \$250,000.

Another problem is delivery. Immunisation records show declining uptake for the last two years. Moreover, unless the government can monitor all children from six months to six years and provide doses every six months. many children may be

Supplementation, however, could be suitable for a short time - until people's diets can be improved.

Changing food babits would take responsibility from hard-pressed administrations, as well as providing other badly-needed nut-

Barriers to change will, however. have to be disman-Leafy vegetables, a key

source of vitamin A, are part of local diet, but vitamin content is often lost through over-cooking. In addition. they are seasonal and perceived as being scarcer than they used to be. Mma Lamis echoes a common view among older people: "We had more vegetables because we had more land and the rains were better. We could cook bito (a vegetable) or pumpkin leaf every day and still have some left over by the next season. But now, about two or three months after the rains have stopped, the young women will tell you they have no more dry

Soils are deteriorating and people increasing. Asked whether more land could be given over to cultivating vegetables. 40-year-old farmer Abaa Ayine retorts: "Have I got enough land for my millet? How do you expect me to measure out land only for vegetables?"

Some women have vegetable gardens, but plots are small, and men rarely provide support. Water is scarce, and may have to be carried

many kilometres.

Fruit is another source of vitamin A, but there are sometimes cultural restrictions. Many women, for example, refuse to eal mango or pawpaw while breastfeeding, for fear of spoiling their milk or making their babies

Health centres and clinics are trying to change attitudes to fruit and vegetable consumption, but more could be done through radio and primary health workers.

Tree-planting agencies could support their efforts. Some admit they could encourage cultivation of fruit trees, as well as adding nutritional information to their education programmes.

"It would be no problem to provide more fruit tree seeds for our nurseries," says Franz. Zemp, manager of the Bongo Agro-Forestry Project. "We also give assistance to ensure tree survival. Our records show encouraging numbers of trees survived the dry season last year."

But Alex Gyampoh, mana-ger of the U.N.-sponsored Environmental Rehabilitation Project, stresses that fuelwood is his priority, "Regardless of the need to plant fruit trees."

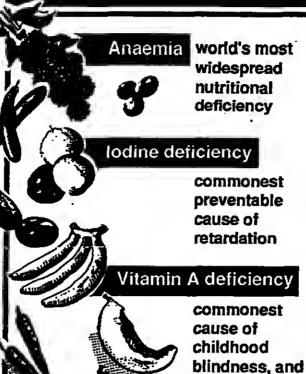
Palm oil could help, says. Atardita Akolgo: "My little girl nearly went blind. She couldn't see at dusk, like a

Then the nurse told me to give her palm oil, one tablespoon a day. Now she sees better than a cat."

Palm oil is not produced in the region, so people buy it instead of the cheaper local alternative, sheabutter, only when they have some cash to spare. Better marketing and distribution would make it more widely available.

The International Fund for Agricultural Development has a \$15 million irrigation programme in the region which will promote dry season cultivation of onions

Nutrition hit-list



a major factor in child deaths ★ Say UN food and health organisations: These problems should be largely

overcome during the next decade'

Source: FAQ:WHO

peppers and tomatoes. Far-

mers will be expected to fol-

low its guidelines but these

could be adapted to incorpo-

rate production of leafy

ture has not given much

attention to vegetable grow-

ing, giving point to the com-ments of chief nutrition offic-

er Rosenna Agbic, who says

it is time for everyone to

encourage increased fruit and

vegetable consumption, but

The Ministry of Agricul-

vegetables.

PANOS M

agriculture ministry in promoting production. Despite the many problems of production and education which arise from

attempting to persuade people to change their diets, the approach offers the possibility of a lasting solution. "The biggest disadvantage supplementation," says Dr. Kwame Adogboba, re-

gional director of health services, "is that it cannot be made sustainable" -

Chronic pain: Real or imagined?

By Elisabeth Rosenthal NEW YORK - Chronic pain, in the absence of any discernible physical cause, is one of the most common reasons for lost workdays, yet doctors remain unsure about what causes the complaint, how to treat it, or even if it

What do you do when the scans, blood tests and exams indicate nothing wrong, but the patient is incapacitated?

'Ît's a terrible dilemma," said Dr. Kathleen Foley. director of pain service at Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Centre in New York. Pain is what people say it is. And if you start with the concept that you should believe the patient, then how can you say it is real or unreal, and how do you prove it?"

Frustrated by the skyrock-eting number of U.S. patients receiving disability payments, most often for lower back complaints, and huge jury awards for "pain and suffering" that no scientist can measure, researchers are striving to understand the genesis of chronic pain and bow to treat it.

Many are concluding that chronic pain often results from a cycle of physical and emotional factors that feed on each other: a person with transient pain décides he or she had a pain problem; believing pain is a problem causes a physical response that produces more pain.

Some of the most prominent U.S. pain specialists believe that medical and legal practices actually belp set the chronic-pain cycle in motion. The barrage of scans and exotic therapies that doctors prescribe for pain convinces healthy people that they have a serious condition.

Prolonged sick leaves and lawsuits that drag on for years allow patients to get out of shape, which only makes pain worse. These doctors criticise the legal system for awarding damages for pain without insisting that

with physical and psycholo- and the resolution of lawgical therapy.

While pain experts unanimously recoil at the notion that large numbers of patients are faking pain for pro-fit, they agree that the psyche frequently converts trivial discomfort or a minor injury into a debilitating lifelong

Although a fraction of chronic-pain patients are found to have worn joints or a tendon that is clearly inflamed, the majority have no specific problem that can be found on tests or exams.

medical condition.

"All the evidence suggests that for most people chronic pain is a stress-related disorder, just like ulcers," said Dr. John Loeser, director of the pain clinic at the University of Washington in Seattle. "The difference with pain is that we don't know where to put the tube to

Although there are no overall statistics about chronic pain, scientists bave compiled extensive data about the current epidemic of lower back pain, the most common type of chronic pain that leads to disability.

In recent years, more than 2 per cent of all U.S. adults reported being unable to work because of this condition, and the cost of their health care plus the com-pensation they received totaled well over \$50 billion annoally.

Five per cent of all visits to doctors are now for back pain, said Dr. Loeser. "And. the numbers keep going up and up and up.

The United States has many more people disabled by lower back pain than any other nation in the world, Dr. Loeser said, and surveys of old medical records show that chronic back pain was a rare diagnosis before World War

Recent studies have failed to link chronie pain to physical injury or X-ray findings, but they have found that it correlates with such factors as

Lacking a good understanding of what causes chronic pain or a good yardstick to measure it, doctors, lawyers and juries are forced to make largely arbitrary decisions about which patient will benefit from an injectionof anaesthetic into the spine, which claimants deserve large jury awards, and which employees should be granted disability payments.
"The disability system asks

doctors to certify that someone bas too much pain to work, but we have no mystical power to determine that," Dr. Loeser said. "You can't take an X-ray and seen pain; you can't see it on a biopsy. All you have is a patient's statement that he hurts. Judgements are made, but I don't know if they are right or wrong. I do know that they are not based on medical science."

In a study published recently in The American Journal of Pain Management, Dr. Michael Weintraub examined 210 people with chronic pain who were involved in litiga-

He found evidence that 63 per cent of the patients bad pain that was emotional. rather than physical in origin. For example, a person with lower back pain might describe a leg going numb, even-though all the nerves that leave the spine in the lower. back supply only a small portion of the leg.

Dr. Weintraub believes that many patients become sub-consciously attached tothe discomfort since it brings with it financial gain. He has proposed that "chronic pain in litigation" should be treated as a distinct syndrome since patients in this category do not get better with treat-

"Lawyers have talked about all this pain and suffering " as if it exists, but it has never been substantiated medically," said Dr. Weintraub. ___ The International Herald Tri-

WEEKEND CROSSWORD

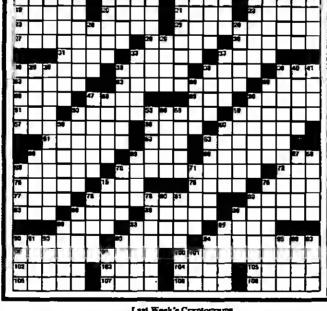
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Diagramless 21 x 21, By Jomes Barrick

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CRYPTOGRAMS

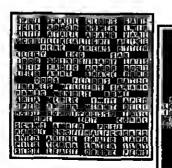
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CEAHNTQKN QYT WHVTQKN. -By Earl Ireland

2. ZATZOH QXGPL: X QXKZOHN CYK PHUNG VYTAL VRK, QXKZO TK: XP RPQXKZOHN CYK TL LRGH KY VYTA YUHG. -By Rita Salvato

3. ABDGPEQDGR ABDGJC KAKE ABDCJLE-HGDFJDPM ABDCOPL QPRALG OR GLNGLO BLEGDPMC DF B. N. -By Duane H. McGogy

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Study suggests possible genetic link in depression, substance abuse

By Paul Recer The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — People who have a family member treated for severe depression may be two times more likely than others to develop addiction or depression, according to a study by National Insti-tute of Mental Health (NIMH) researchers.

Loring J. Ingraham, a NIMH scientist, said that, studies of both the adoptive and the biological families of patients who bave been treated for depression illnesses show evidence of the genetic

Dr. Ingraham said that he and Dr. Paul H. Wender.

now at the University of some type of depressive dis-Utah, examined the medical records of 14,500 adopted people in Denmark and found 67 who had been hospitalised for treatment of se-

vere depression. They then examined records to find the frequency of depression or substance abuse among the biological relatives of the adopted.

Data from these studies were then compared to similar studies of 67 adopted individuals who had not been bospitalised for the mental conditions. The results, said Dr. Ing-

raham, showed that among the adopted with depression, about five per cent of their biological relatives also had

EAGARAN MATAKAT ANAMENTAKAN MENANGAN MENANGAN MENANGAN MENENGAN MENENGAN MENENGAN MENENGAN MENENGAN MENENGAN M

order and another four per cent bad a substance abuse .disorder. In the control group, the 67 adopted who had not been

hospitalised for depression, the occurrence of the disorders was only two per cent. "This means that if someone in your family suffers

from severe depression, you and other family members need to be aware that not only are you at risk for developing depression, you also stand an increased chance of developing a substance abuse disorder," Dr. Ingraham said in a statement.

The researcher said the most commonly abused substance among those studied

Dr. Ingraham said the study was possible in De-nmark because the country keeps meticulous records on family relationships and medical treatments.

Dr. Frederick K. Goodwin, NIMH director, said the study provides clear evidence that the increased frequency of substance abuse known to exist among the biological relatives of patients with depressive disorders is due to genetic instead of environmental factors.

Dr. Ingraham recently presented the study at a meeting in Puerto Rico of the American College of Neuropsychopharmacology and was interviewed by telephone.

Moderate intake may help to ward off colds

By Celia Hall

Two or three alcoholic drinks every day appear to keep the common cold at bay, but smoking will reverse any of this benefit.

Dr. Andrew Smith, director of the Health Psychology Research Unit at Cardiff University, has also found that when people are stressed they are more likely to catch a cold.

His findings are based on research carried out at the Common Cold Research Unit, before its closure, in a three-year study of 400 volunteers who were given cold viruses. Psychologists were involved to assess the importance of stress and behavioural aspects like alcohol

The adults who drank ing would cancel the effect.

moderately - less than three units of alcobol a day - were less likely to have typical cold symptoms, like a runny nose, even though blood measurements could show that they had the virus.

He told the London meet-ing of the British Psychological Society that only 15 per cent of the moderate drinkers suffered from colds compared to 45 per cent of the non-drinkers. "It seems that a little bit of alcohol is good for you as many other clinical studies have shown," he said.

The researchers believe that moderate regular drinking has a long-term effect; in other words people need to drink moderately, regularly to benefit from the protection against catching a cold. But they feel that excessive drink-

for this protection were not properly understood. There may be an effect on the nasal mucus, reducing the secretions of the nose. Another explanation is that alcohol may have an antiinflammatory effect. "What happens when you get a cold is that the inflammatory re-

Dr. Smith said the reasons

Asked why many people thought that having a drink helped when they had caught a cold, he said either the alcohol simply made them feel better, or the alcohol did affect the runny nose. The findings on stress were slightly different. In this part of the study, 25 per cent of people who felt little stress caught

colds compared with 50 per

cent of the highly stressed

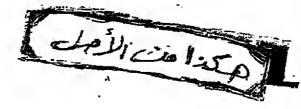
sponse to the virus increases

the nasal secretions," he said.

This time, the less stressed volunteers managed to avoid infection altogether rather than catch the cold but remained symptom-free. "The stressed people were more likely to get infected in the first place and more likely to have symptoms," be said.

More work has been done on the links between stress and disease with many studies showing that stressed people are less good at fighting infection. Dr. Smith said there was evidence that stress, affected the immune system.

In his paper, he said: "Alternatively, it may alter immune response hy changing health-related behaviours such as smoking and alcohol. consumption." - The Inde-



(Continued from page 1)

and Fatch Central Committee speaks in public, that definitely means that he is speaking on the record and in the name of the organisation," said a senior PLO official in Amman who preferred anonymity. Abu Mazen is one of the senior leaders of Fateh and its central

committee. PLO members here also behere that Abu Mazen would not have spoken the words unless he had some positive indications from the Saudis themselves and that a warming of Sandi-PLO relations could

However. PLO insiders do not expect an overnight mending of the strain in Saudi-PLO relations and an immediate Arafat visit to Saudi Arabia to

seal reconciliation. "There are other issues to be sorted out before such things could happen," said an informed PLO source. "There is the issue of Palestinian 'hberation' tax and other financial

matters that need to be settled. "Liberation" tax is levied by the bost Arab governments from Palestioian expatriates working in their countries and given to the PLO.

The Gulf states were the main financial backers of the PLO until the Gulf crisis. The

strain in relations caused by the PLO's stand was immediately followed by a suspension of all financial assistance to the PLO by the Gulf states and as a result the PLO is finding itself in dire financial

The organisation has been forced to adopt a strict belttightening approach to its finances and cut many aid programmes, including assistance giveo to families of martyrs.

Mohammad Milhem, a former of the PLO Executive Committee, described Ahu Mazen's "apology" as "ont-

rageous."
"If this is indeed an apology then it is not acceptable," said Mr. Milhem, a former mayor of Halhoul in the West Bank who was expelled by the Israeli occupation aothorities.

There is no reason why the PLO should have to apologise for its stand during the Gulf crisis any more than Jordan should have to," he told the Jordan Times.

Mr. Milhem said Jordan had taken an honourable stand in refusing to apologise to the Gulf states for its position visa-vis the Gulf crisis.

"Next thing you know we will be apologising to the Israelis for tighting the occupa-tion of our land," Mr. Milhem

"This represents a real prog-

ress for international security. It

is the first real multilateral dis-

armament treaty banning an en-

tire category of mass destruction

weapons," a senior French offi-cial said.

The treaty imposes tough su-

pervision on the international

chemical industry, which helped

in the drafting and welcomed the curbs on Wednesday, despite

their likely cost.

Israel offers to open nuclear, other sites

(Continued from page 1)

East," Mr. Eagleburger said. He said it was important for nations to tackle the challenge of weapons of mass destruction wherever possible.

"I would therefore urge the members of the Arab League to seize this opportunity and sign the chemical weapons convention," Mr. Eagleburger said.
"Doing so would be a step

towards, and not away from, making the Middle East a zone free of all weapons of mass destruction, as called for by President (Hosni) Mubarak of Egypt." Mr. Eagleburger said that so long as there are holdonts, doubts will be raised as to these nations' intentions.

"Nowhere is this more impor-tant today than in the Middle East, a region which over the past 30 years has been home to more active chemical weapons programmes - and which has seen more chemcial weapons use --than any other part of the world,"

"It is therefore particularly disappointing that so many Middle Eastern states are absent from this ceremony today."

Iraq is the only state besides the United States and Russia that admits owning chemical weapons. Iraqi officials have said lraq will not sign the treaty and about a majority of Arab states is taking the same position.

A major purpose of the agree-

ment was to curb a new Middle East arms race following the Gulf war two years ago and the disclo-

sure of Iraq's chemical arsenal. The U.N. convention on the prohibition of chemical weapons features revolutionary verification procedures meant to ensure that no state will be able to make

or conceal large stocks of deadly chemical agents. For the first time, international inspectors will be empowered to search "anywhere, anytime" for suspected chemical arms. Signatories will have no right to refuse access to production plants, military bases or stores.

Allied planes attack Iraqi sites

Baghdad.

agreed.

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Hamdoun said: "I just called in to the president of the Security Council that Iraq will stop transferring its property from Umm Qasr in the demilitarised zone until resolving the problems that are outstanding with the UNIKOM people (U.N. Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission) over there."

He also said that Iraq would "approve the flight requests for the special commission planes to Iraq," a reference to U.N. air-craft which demolition teams to

Iraq last week ordered a temporary halt to any further U.N. flights over its territory, saying weapons destruction teams and other U.N. personnel should charter Iraqi commercial airliners or travel overland.

Mr. Hamdoun said the United Nations would have to take responsibility for the safety of those flights "in case of a military attack against Iraq." Earlier Wednesday, Iraqi

salvagers crossed into Umm Qasr for a fourth consecutive day to retrieve material from a former navy base. What used to be Iraqi ware-

houses were without roofs or windows, and a bunker that housed Silkworm missiles was swept clean except for empty wooden boxes and old Iraqi newspapers and booklets.

"Four of the six hunkers are totally empty, while one has conventional anti-tank and antiaircraft weapons and another has small bottles of unidentified chemicals," said Abdul Latif Kabbaj, spokesman for UNIKOM patrolling the disputed border since April 1991.

A senior Kuwaiti official said

were standing firm in their defence of the country.

At 1700 GMT — when media

As U.S. media reported that

Washington and its allies had sent

planes to attack missiles stationed

in southern Iraq, Mr. Majeed sent President Saddam a telegram

to mark Sunday's second

anniversary of the start of the

"The treacherous people have

returned after less than two years

to commit aggression against Iraq

to undermine what has been re-constructed by the brave Mujahe-

Gulf war.

deen," it said

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Amman, Jordan

he boped the allied military acreports said the allied planes were tion against Iraq would prevent attacking targets in Iraq - state further "miscalculations" hy radio began its news bulletin with an item about aid to Palestinians What I hope is that the Iraqi

in Jordan regime will avoid their continued miscalculations. As a small coun-After the news, the radio cartry that is what we are hoping ried a quotation from President for." Suleiman Majed Al Sbahin, Saddam -- "Baghdad will remain the Foreign Ministry under-secretary, said in a telephone a beacon for Muslims and a support for Palestine." Later the radio reported: "Criinterview.

minal Bush seems to be bracing He said Kuwait had demanded that Iraq comply with ceasefire terms to which Baghdad itself had himself for a fresh aggression against Iraq." It said Iraq had declared it would "respond with A spokesman for President every available means in defence of its independence." Saddam Hussein defiantly

"Kuwait shall return to Iraq in defiance of the Security Council and America," Abdul Jabbar Muhsen said in an editorial in the government newspaper Al Jamhouriyah. He described Kuwait as an "integral part of

pledged earlier Wednesday that

Iraq was determined to recover

Defence Minister Ali Hassan Al Majeed told President Saddam Hussein that his soldiers

considered.

fringe benefits.

and administration management.

Duties can be resumed immediately.

Bosnian leader optimistic of peace plan

(Continued from page 1)

negotiations if they continued to press for their own state-within-astate.

But in what some diplomats said was a potential let-out clause, Mr. Karadzic said ne needed seven days grace to win the approval of the assembly of his self-styled "Serb republic." That approval was immediately

put in doubt. Biljana Plausic, vice-president of the Serb republic. said hours after Mr. Karadzic's agreement that the deputies would reject it.

Mr. Karadzic replied: "I also have some anxiety about that but I do believe I will get a majority. I'm sure I will not have a unanimous decision of our parliament, that's waht shows the reaction of Mrs. Playsic.'

Asked what would happen if the deputies refused, he said: "I

should offer my resignation." A British U.N. peacekeeper was killed Wednesday in central Bosnia, and Sarajevans bitterly dismissed news of the breakthrough in peace talks in Geneva

as more macuvering by the Serbs.

Wednesday's fighting in the central Bosnian town of Gorni Vakuf was reportedly between Muslim and Croat forces, underscoring the shakiness of their nominal alliance against the Serbs.

The British peacekeeper was killed by small-arms fire in the town, but the identity of the attackers was not immediately known, a Ministry of Defence spokesman in London said. The latest death means 23 U.N.

peacekeepers have been killed in fighting in the former Yugoslavia. Sarajevo spent a relatively peaceful night after the announcement late Tuesday that Mr. Karadzic had reversed his earlier opposition to the Geneva

But Sarajevo residents bitterly dismissed Mr. Karadzic's move. and some accused the international community of papering over differences in a way that Mr. Karadzic and Mr. Milosevic would later exploit to ensure continued Serb control over most of

At least 17,000 people have been killed since Bosnian Serbs took up arms after the republic's majority Muslims and Croats voted for independence from Yugoslavia. Bosnian Serb irregulars, backed by Serbia, have seized about 70 per cent of Bosnia's territory.

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Saturday, 23 January 1993 - 8:00 p.m. PIANO RECITAL

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Place: The Royal Cultural Centre Main Theatre. Ticket Price: ID 7.

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Aram Zarasian, concert violinist : in-residence at the National Music Conservatory meets Australian concert planist Robert Curry In an exciting recital. They will be performing pieces by: Beethoven, Liszt, Wieniawski, Stravinsky and others.

Place: The Royal Cultural Centre Main Theatre. Ticket Price: ID 7.

Co-sponsored by the Australian Embassy in Jordan

Saturday, 30 January 1993 - 8:00 p.m. LUTE RECITAL

Bill Badley, British lutenist, will take the audience on a musical trip back to the golden days of this instrument. The lute is considered the successor of the oud and the precursor of the guitar.

Place: The Royal Cultural Centre Studio Theatre. Ticket Price: ID 5.

Co-sponsored by the British Council

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of mass destruction.

(Continued from page 1) new arms control agreements, particularly concerning weapons

Christopher

Mr. Christopher's confirmation hearings are expected to go for two days with questions from both Democrats and Republicans, at which time he may reveal in more detail the Clinton administration's policy vis-a-vis the Middle East.

Mr. Christopher said the Clinton administration would try to build on the accomplishments of President George Bush, who leaves office next Wednesday.

Mr. Christopher cited the Middle East peace talks which table for the first time, the START treaty reducing nuclear weapons delivery systems, and the Gulf war.

Mr. Christopher said that despite the unity between the Bush and Clinton administrations on Iraq, the Umted States must "have a new diplomacy that can anticipate and prevent a crises like those in Iraq and Bosnia and Somalia, rather than simply man-

age them."
"We can't afford to careen from crisis to crisis," be said.
He said the Clinton team would urge the United Nations to handle major international crises, but echoing a Bush policy, he added, "Ultimately, when our vital interests are at stake, We'll always reserve our option to act

Israel seeks to thwart U.N. sanctions

(Continued from page 1) the return of all evictees. Dr.

Ghali has threatened the United Nations could take further steps. Mr. Peres said be expected to meet U.S. Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger in Paris. Israel is counting on the United States, its closest ally, to block sanctions with its veto in the

Security Council. The Israeli daily newspaper Hadashot said Mr. Rabin wanted to delay a Security Council de-bate until after U.S. Presidentelect Bill Clinton took office next Wednesday.

The unsourced story gave no reason for this and Mr. Rabin's spokesman declined comment. Outgoing President George Bush would face less political risk backing sanctions than Mr. Clinton

Arab foreign ministers meeting in Cairo demanded Tuesday the United Nations impose sanctions if Israel did not comply. They did not adopt a Palestinian suggestion that they suspend the 14-month-old Middle East peace talks

Spokesman Hanan Ashrawi said she and four other Palestinian peace negotiators met four members of the Israeli Knesset (parliament) Tuesday in Arah East Jerusalem for informal dis-

cussions. We said we are unable to return to negotiations unless Israel returns the (evictees) and implements Resolution 799," Dr. Ashrawi told Reuters.

The Palestine Liberation Organisation said Monday it would boycott the 14-month-old talks until Israel returned the Palesti-

Palestinian delegate Saeb Erekat said a letter was sent to Mr. Eaglehurger informing him of the decision to boycott the talks.

Dr. Erakat quoted the letter as saying that "the absence of Israeli

accountability and the lack of any effective intervention by the cosponsors have given Israel a free hand to pursue such a destructive course which culminated in the latest deportations on a massive scale and subsequently sabotaged the negotiations."

In Marj Al Zohour, Lebanon. the Palestinian evictees lashed out at the United Nations, accusing it of double standards in seeking to implement its resolutions on Iraq and not on Israel. The 413 Palestinians also criti-

cised Arah states for not pulling out from the peace talks. we see Security Council resolu-tions implemented on some sides,

dour, 33. "The Security Conncil uses double standards," said Hussein Abu Quaik. "When it comes to Israel, the U.N. does not try to

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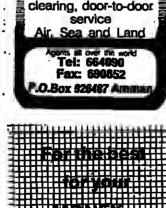
معم البيت الصيني

"We are very frustrated when like Iraq, and not implemented on others," said Fayez Al Kha-

force it to comply like in other

Abdul Aziz Al Rantisi called on Dr. Ghali to immediately impose sanctions on Israel to force it implement Security Council Resolution 799.











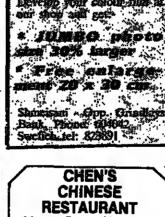


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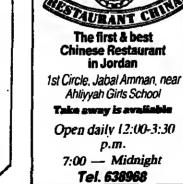
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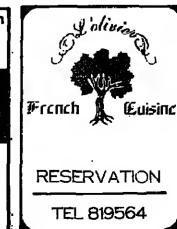
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Saby tightens grip in Paris-Dakar Rally

PARIS (R) - Bruno Saby's lead in the Paris-Dakar Rally looked even more impregnable as he took a trouble-free second place in the seventh African stage and increased the gap over nearest rival Pierre

Saby's Mitsubishi led fellow Frenchman Lartigue, in a Citroen, by one hour 42 minutes. Lartigue was slowed down by three punctures on the 650-km leg from Chenachen in Algeria to Bir Amrane.

The stage was won by a third Frenehman Jean-Pierre Fontenay, in another Mitsubishi but he remains outside the top 10 after breaking a back axle early in the rally.

"I didn't start the day aiming to set the fastest time," said Fontenay. "But after a puncture we took the spare wheel off the roof and went quicker because the aerodynamics were better." Frenchman Hubert Auriol took third place in the leg and remains

in that position overall but is more than four and a half hours adnift of Stephane Peterhansel kept a tight grip on the lead among the bikes, although he was content to finish in third place on the stage

Charbonnier, All three are Yamaha riders. Charbonnier, second overall, closed the gap on Peterhansel slightly but still remained 82 minutes behind.

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behind Jordi Acarons of Spain and fellow Frenchman Thierry

Sabatini edges into last eight as Sanchez sequence ends

SYDNEY (R) — Top seed Gabriela Sabatini continued ber shaky progress through the draw at the New South Wales Open Wednesday as luck finally ran out for men's defending champion Emilio Sanchez.

Sabatini, who blazed her way to the same title in memorable style I2 months ago, again struggled for long periods before completing a sketchy 6-4 4-6 6-2 second round victory over American Patty Fendick.

Spain's Sanchez, who collected the men's trophy at White City last year without dropping a set, suffered a similar fate to the one brother Javier endured Tuesday by losing 7-6 6-4 to Sweden's resurgent Jonas Svensson.

The men's draw remains unpredictable, eighth seed Henrik Holm merely the latest casualty. His preparations for next week's Australian Open were abruptly curtailed by a 7-5 6-4 loss to another Swede, Nicklas Kulti, winner of last week's Australian Hardcourt title.

Kulti now plays top seed Pete Sampras, who stepped up a gear in defeating Australian doubles specialist Mark Woodforde 6-4

Consistency is Sabatini's constant goal, too, but the Argentine player had one of her infuriating off-days against the gritty Fen-

The American squandered sixbreak points in the first set, was 4-0 up at one stage in the second and hit a bigh percentage of sweet forehands past her startled oppo-

A stream of unforced errors proved her undoing, however, as ters before her defence of the Sabatini held on to secure a year's first Grand Slam, the Auquarter-final place against Ger- stralian Open, that success in

now has 713 to Tomba's 472.

SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

LONDON (R) — Scagram, winner of the 1991 Grand National at

Aintree, has been retired from horse racing after a series of below

par performances. Trainer David Barons and owner Sir Eric

Parker took the decision after the 13-year-old was pulled up in a

meeting at Sandown, England. Scagram had not won a race since

his Aintree victory, which capped a career of 16 wins and almost 219,529 pounds sterling (\$340,270) prize money.

ST. ANTON, Austria (AP) - Mare Girardelli of Luxembourg

won the season's third Super-Giant slalom, posting bis 40th World victory to tie for second place on the all-time list. Girardelli

and Pirmin Zurbriggen, the retired Swiss ace, now share second place, behind Swedish legend Ingemar Stemmark, who is far

ahead with 86 World Cup victories. Girardelli, the Olympic

Super-G silver medalist, collected 100 points for his victory and

Bonaly leads women's European skating

HELSINKI (AP) - Two-time European champion Surya Bonaly

of France, showing more artistry than before, moved into the lead

of the women's singles at the European Figure Skatiog Cham-pionships while Russians Evgenia Shishkoiva and Vadim Naumov

topped the pairs event. Bonaly, skating to jazz and percussion music, earned marks from 5.5 to 5.8 for her technical, short program which counts one-third of the total score. Each skater is

required to do certain free-style spins and jumps. A noted

jumper, Bonaly, 19, has worked on her style to impress the

judges. It showed as she ended with six first-place votes from the

nine-judge panel. She bad the best technical marks of the event.

Wright scores 2 to give Arsenal semifinal berth

LONDON (R) - England striker Ian Wright continued his goal

plundering in cup matches, striking twice against Nottingham Forest to pot Arsenal through to the semifinals of the League

Girardelli wins third Super-G of season

Seagram retired from horse racing

"I didn't play well. This is my first tournament of the year but I think I'm going to get better each match," Sabatini said.

Svensson's win over Sanchez again demonstrated the narrow gap between the world's best 100 male players. The Swede, among the world's

top 10 m 1991, dropped out of the

leading 10 last year. He found bimself forced to qualify this week bot remains a useful customer in Australian conditions. Little-koowo Aostraliao Michael Tebbatt, ranked 870 oo the computer, came close to causing bis second shock of the week before losing out 2-6 7-6 6-2 to

Italy's Omar Camporese. Women's seventh seed Lori McNeil failed to survive into the last eight. She was beaten 6-1 7-6 by former champion Pam Shriv-

South African Wayne Ferreira was in ambitious mood after crushing Australian Sandon Stol-

The 21-year-old is convinced he can break into the world's top five before the end of the year and has bought an apartment in Paris to ease the travelling pressure between tournaments.

Seles says bard to repeat 1992 Grand Slam wins

The world number one womeo's tennis player, Monica Seles, admitted Wednesday it would be hard to repeat last year's three Grand Slam victor-

Seles, still only 19, told repor-



Lori McNeil

1993 would depend on her fit-

Scles won the Australian. French and United States Opens last year. She was deprived of all four Grand Slams by world number two, Germany's Steffi Graf, who beat her in the Wimbledon

"I think last year was pretty lucky. The Australian Open was good but the French could have been Steffi's or mine and in the U.S. Open I had a lot of luck with the draw," she said Wednesday. "It can't go on being in three Grand Slams and getting into the ficals of every tournament," Seies said. World number three Gabriela

Sabatini, who is playing in the New South Wales Open in Sydney this week, was also convincedi the left-hander can be beaten. "I don't think it will be hard to

catch up to Seles," the Argentinian told reporters in Sydney. "She's a very beatable player because mentally she's very tough, but technically in her game she is very beatable." Sabatini added.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAYY JANUARY 15, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES: An aspected moon in Scorpio makes it a good day to do research and facilitates study that requires focus. Avoid a tendency to brood. Unresolved emations lie just beneath the surface.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) lo the morning devise a course of action to handle obligations more successfully; use care with bigwins in the afternoon but tonight go

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Consult an influential associate in the morning to increase your prosperity; then this afternoon avoid a scrappy newcomer; tonight enjoy proven pleasure with mate. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) A more comprehensive approach at your duties is advised while in the

afternoon don't argue over obligations, tonight enjoy the company of longtime partners. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) New aims can steer you in right directions early; after lunch avoid a calculation person but tonight you can rid af pending tasks. LEO: (July 22 to Aagust 21) Do something special ta picase attach-ment ia the morning; then don't let an annoyed associate get you down but tonight you can have romande

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Come to a better understand-ing with a partner while later you will find it necessary to avoid ex-

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Yaur caviroameat can be made to glow in the morning after which do nothing to upset a family member while loaight visit a charming companion, relative. SCORPEO: (October 23 to Nove ber 21) Arrange for recreational activities in the morning but use care on the highway in the after-noon and tonight you see ways to

travagance and in the evening en-

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Your home can wisely claim your attention io the morning, after lench be careful not to overextend your assets and tonight avoid forcing gaining aims; and have a happy time with attach-

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Get in touch with as many interesting associates as possible this morning, while tonight avoid forcing gaining aims; and have a happy time with attach!

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Go after your material ambitions in the morning while avoiding a secret anxiety in the factory pleasures are fine.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Show your charm in the morning and you get most acything you desire; but in the afternoon ward off a limiting acquaintance and tonight build practical assets.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY JANUARY 14, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Back up associates instead of criticising them as the Moon squares Mars. Uranus, Neptune, Mercury and the Sun. Keep everything on an even keel and don't take to heart any criticism by a loved one.

Stick to working out problems already confronting you during the daytime and avoid going off on a tangent that appeals to you or trouble developments.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Avoid obligations that have been bugging you for a while and look into some interesting means by recoves that appeal to you.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Both influential persons and part-ners can be a dissepointment to aiding you in some outside conditions so wait until evening before

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You have some important tasks to do and despite the temptation to go off on some intriguing situation, be sure to complete promised chores instead.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Payment of debts and other promises made should be done before you yield to that desire to go off with

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever you have that conflicts between family and an associate requires some care now is scheduling your time and energies so the neither is ignored. LIBRA: (September 23 to Octobe

22) You have a number of vital commonications to get out s handle them efficiently first, the you can look to ways to improve your environmental conditions. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) You need to early decide whether to concentrate on you

business affairs or your creative expression of your talents for both need action now. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Your personal aims now and those of your family seems to be at loggerhead and since both

are vital to your security, arrang desperate handling of them. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Don't allow a private anxiety to keep you from going out and accomplishing those results to which you have talent and have been looking forward to.

AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February

ary 19) Friends and acquaintance can be a real disappointment fo you but if you spend your time working out your own practical affairs all is well.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Consider your own person up get you down by discouraging you about how best to express you

le:

LO

i/Dr

THE BETTER HALF, By Harris HARRIS

When Stanley gives me a compliment he does it one word per day to... make it last longer."

JUNUSILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold Unacramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. **BYRIN** WHOYS DOUBEY WHAT THE REFORMER AND THE HULA DANCER -CALLED EACH OTHER. RAMMOT Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-Print enswer here: Jumbles: ENSUE CAKED PAYOFF, BEFOUL What those comics had for breeklast— COFFEE AND "PUNS"

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GOREN BRIDGE WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

COMBINE YOUR CHANCES Both vulnerable. South deals, NORTH

♦ J 7 6 5 2 WEST EAST ♦ A 8 4 3 F K Q 10 9 8 ♦ K Q 7743 Q973 **+ 10 9 2** SOUTH **4** 10 9

+ AKQJ4 The bidding: South West North East Pass 2. Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of C There are some card combina tions which recur regularly in differeot guises. Recognize them, know how to play them and save thousands of points over the course of

time. When South could not make a takeout double of twa hearts, North gave up any hope of a spade cootract. East West, already stretched to the limit, were quite happy to sell out to an enemy partscore.

West led the king of bearts and declarer was looking at three sure losers in the major suits. To make

the contract, therefore, South had to lose no mare than one diamaori trick. The obvious way to accom plish that is to draw trumps and hope diamonds break evenly—rather paltry odds of some 36 percent. However, the chance af a 3-3 split can be combined with the possibility of ruffing the fourth diamond in dummy. That requires finding the defender with two diamonds holding no mare than two trumps, and

some careful timing.

If declarer immediately cashes the are and king of diamonds and leads a third round, the defense can prevail East wins the third diamond, cashes the jack of bearts and leads a fourth round af diamonds and West can ruff higher than dum my. Drawing two rounds af trumps before leading diamonds is equally futile-East wins and removes dummy's last trump.

The winning technique is simple. After taking the acr of hearts, de-clarer should immediately duck a diamond. When South regains the lead, twa rounds of trumps are drawn, followed by the ace and king of diamonds. If the suit breaks, declarer can draw the last trump. As the cards lie in the diagram, declarer can ruff his remaining diamond for

Peanuts



BOY THAT KIND OF SHOUTS A BIG HOLE IN THIS REPORT, DOESN'T IT?







Andy Capp





Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Craig Schultz



9 "— o' the Green" 10 Dvorak 11 Thought 12 Tennis great Smith 13 Hanks and competition
22 Southern dish
24 Ridiculous
25 Culture of a
people
26 Legal holdings
27 Walk notely 55 Plumber's stock

41 Pastor's group

45 Estate to 48 Forbade

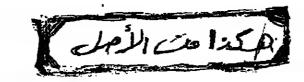
56 Concerning 57 keland se Hidden soot

DOWN
1 Caustic
2 Impolhs
3 God of love
4 Not decterous
5 Testify under
cath
6 Dalsylike flower
7 Loud noises

bystematically 29 Vigilant . 30 Writer Ephron 31 Sult to — 32 — as a beet 33 Know-it-al 36 Playgrounds 36 Ordinary

42 Track patron 43 Rounded perts 48 Approx 48 Had on 50 Wicked 44.Personal stati 45 Atlas items 46 Got down

53 Craze



Financial Markets

Jordan Tie



New York Close See 12/1/93	Totajo Close Date 13/1/93
1_5335	1.5390
1.6320	1.6363
1.4993	1.5023
5.5340	5.5475 **
125.25	125.87
1.2045	1.2008 **
	Close Point 12/1/93 1.5335 1.6320 1.4993 5.5340 125.25

** European Opening of \$20 a.m. GMT

Dates 13/1/95

Date: 13/1/29 .

			12 MTHS
3_12	3.25	3.57	3,81
6.87	6.87	6.75	6162
8.50	8.31	7.93	7.37
5.43	5.50	5.37	5.18
11.37	11.37	10.25	9_12
3.75	3.65	3.62	3.43
10.18	10.18	9.81	9.06
	6.87 8.50 5.43 11.37 3.75	6.87 6.87 8.50 8.31 5.43 5.50 11.37 11.37 3.75 3.65	6.87 6.87 6.75 8.50 8.31 7.93 5.43 5.50 5.37 11.37 11.37 10.25 3.75 3.65 3.62

Date: 13/1/93

Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm°	Metal	USD/Oz	
Gold	328.00	6.45	Säver	3.68	.080
2 at W					

		13/1/43
Currency .	Bld	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.689	0.691
Sterling Pound	1.0596	1.0649
Deutsche Mark	0.4206	0-4227
Swiss Franc	0:4585	0.4608
French Franc	0.1240	0.1246
Japanese Yen*	0.5465	0.5492
Dutch Guilder	0.3747	0.3766
Swedish Krona	. 0.0923	0.0928
Italian Lira*	0.0458	0.0460
Belgian Franc	· 0.02047	0.02057
Per 100		

ther	Carre	ncies	
urre	ncy		_

Currency	Bid	Offer	
Bahraini Dinar	1.7970_	1.8780	
Lebanese Lira*	0.03635	0.03915	
Saudi Riyal ·	0.1833	0.1845 .	
Kuwaiti Dinor	2.2350	2.2900	
Qateri Riyal	0.1866	0.1880	
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0-2150	
Omani Riyal	1.7560.	1.7750	
UAE Dirbam	G-1866	0.1880	
Greek Drachma*	0.31525	0.32525	
Cypriot Pound	1.4725	1.4325	

Index	11/1/93	Close	12/1/93	Clear
All-Share	182.03		182.04,	
Banking Sector	130.84		130.71	
insurance Sector	197.87		198.40	
Industry Sector	251.40]	251.26	
Services Sector	247.36		249.46	

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Wednes-

One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

1.2795/800 1.6305/15 1.8380/90 1.4985/90 33.61/65 5.5300/50 1508/1510 125.95/126.00 7.4900/5000 6.9690/790 6.3150/250

1 5470/80

\$327.95/328.45

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Sweden's premier sees stronger crown

STOCKHOLM (R) — Sweden's its third year, on the highly exprime Minister Carl Bildt, defending a controversial budget the opposition Social Democrats pruning back the country's welfare state, said Tuesday he is determined not to repeat the mistakes of the 1980s.

In an interview with Reuters. the prime minister also said the Swedish crown is likely to float for some considerable time but added the value of the crown should firm as Swedish export prices pick up.

"The important thing is not to repeat the mistakes of the 1980s. This budget shows we are aware of that. We will get strong improvement... it won't be quick but it will happen," Mr. Bildt

Mr. Bildt partly blames Sweden's recession, now entering

NICOSIA (R) — The head of a

key Iranian parliamentary panel said Tuesday it had trimmed 10

per cent from the government's

proposed budget for next year but confirmed a planned devalua-

Economists branded as infla-

tionary and unrealistic the gov-

ernment's draft budget for the

year starting March 21 which

would nearly double expenditure

and incorporate a sharp devalua-

tion of the rival for much of the

more realistic, the proposed ceil-

ing has been reduced by 10 per

cent" Tehran radio quoted Hos-

sein Hosseim Shahroodi, head of

the Majlis (parliament) finance

"Total government revenue

has now been set at more than 20

said, down from 23.5 trillion in

the draft presented by President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani to

Mr. Shahroodi said in case of a

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

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revenue shortfall, the govern-

Jordan Islamic Bank Jordan Kungiy Bank The Boosing Bank Arab Jordan Investment Bank

CAIRO AMMAN BANK ABAB BANK JOSEDAN INSURANCE JERUSALEM INSURAN

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RABIRM SEAS INCUMENT DESUR BAB LIFE & ACCIDENT DESUR HILADELPHIA INSURANCE ARRABIAN ELECTRIC POWER ARRA INTERNATIONAL NOTELS

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VEHICLES ONGERS FEDERATION
JORDAN RATIORAL SHIPPING LIMES
UNITED MIDDLE RAST & COMMODORE SOTELS
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT
BATIORAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES
BACIDARY SQUIP REMITTED & MAINTENANCE
PETR ESTAPRISES & EQUIPMENTS LEASING
UNDOWN GUT MEN. STATE

THE DRAWNICAL DETERMENT.

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ACCOMAN MODO INDUSTRIES / JAHOD
MATTORAL CARLE & WINE MANUFACTURING
JOHANN SULPHO-CHEMICALS
THE JOHAN EDMINT FACTORIES

TOTAL

MATIONAL INDOSTRIES

HATIONAL INDOSTRIES

JORDAN CHEMICAL INDOSTRIES

RAFIA INDOSTRIES

RAFIA INDOSTRIES

LORDAN INDUSTRIES

LORDAN INDUSTRIES

LORDAN INDUSTRIES

ENTRUPRISES & EQUIPMENTS LEASING GULF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT

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commission, as saying.

Majlis last month.

"To make the budget figures

tion of the rival.

in the 1980s which led to growing inflation, increased borrowing and an overheated economy.

Sweden was forced to let the crown float freely on foreign exchange markets on Nov. 19 as nism about the country's economy fuelled widespread speculation against the currency. It had previously unflaterally

stronger crown as our export

pegged the crown to the European Currency Unit (ECU). "Under current circumstances we have to be prepared for the crown floating during a considerable period of time," Mr. Bildt said. But he added it "is reasonable to assume that we'll get a

trims 10% of draft budget

some development projects rath-

er: than borrow from the central

Tehran's Resalat daily quoted

Mr. Shahroodi as saying two

weeks ago that the draft overesti-

mated Iran's oil income at \$17.9

billion and he was sure total gov-

ernment revenue would not ex-

The draft has to be approved

by Majlis after revisions in sever-

al commissions, including fi-

The draft envisages no deficit

because government revenue is

bulged as a result of the floating

plans to stop selling most sectors

dollars at concessionary rates of

about 67 and 600 rivals from next

year. The floating rate is current-

ly about 1,500 riyals per dollar.

"The policy of adopting a uni-

fied exchange rate is a brave step

which will be very beneficial for

the improving the economic sys-

tem although it might cause some

The head of Plan and Budget

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6,492,610

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tensions," Mr. Shahroodi said.

of the currency. The government

ceed 17 trillion riyals.

figures start to improve."

Iran Majlis commission

Swedish exports are expected to rise around five per cent this year and eight per cent next year.

Mr. Bildt says his minority centre-right government is now on course to pull Sweden out of On Monday, Finance Minister

Anne Wibble presented a budget that will slash 16.8 billion crowns (\$2.27 billion) off costs and make the unemployed, students and pensioners worse off.

Mr. Bildt said the budget would help improve the economy and keep underlying inflation at two per cent in the next two

The budget forecast a state spending deficit this fiscal year of 198.3 billion crowns (\$26.8 billion) and a 162.3 billion crown (\$21.9 billion) shortfall in the

Organisation Massoud Rogham Zanjani, quoted by Jomhun Esla-

mi newspaper, said supplying cheap dollars was an "illogical"

sugar, he said.

from the opposition Social Democrats whose leader Ingvar Carlsson called it a "catastrophe." He demanded more spending on infrastructure and training in order to mop up the rising tide of nnemployment.

But Mr. Bildt remained confident the measures would become law. "There will probably be a struggle, but I see nothing that would lead to an acute problem in parliament." he said

Mr. Bildt also said one of his. goals was to bring Swedish interest rates down to the same level as German rates. "The goal is that the interest rate differential versus (German) rates should be as little as possible," he said.

Guinness eliminates 700 whisky

way of supporting domestic in-dustry which the government wanted to stop.

Instead the government would pay 2.4 trillion riyals in subsidies, most of it for items of general consumption like bread and Mr. Shahroodi said one trillion in the budget was earmarked for pay rises for civil servants, including 330 billion for rises unpaid since they were announced two

years ago. He said plans were made to boost tax revenue, which traditionally falls short of targets, by using computers to overhaul the "old and corruptible" taxation

LONDON (AP) -- Guinness Plc,

Spain, where a round of job cuts is soon to be announced.

iobs

the liquor giant, said Tuesday it will eliminate 700 jobs in a costcutting campaign at its United Distillers whisky business in Scot-land, Guinness said five distilleries and three bottling operations will be shut as the jobs are eliminated over the next two years. United Distillers now has about 5,000 workers in Scotland. Guinness is at the same time modernising its operations through a £125 million (\$192.5 million) programme for both the whisky business in Scotland and its cruzcampo beer business in

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Three major Jordanian firms unify purchases in a joint tender

By Samir Shafio

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- Three Jordanian public shareholding companies have given their private operations an extra power, a stronger national bind and a louder voice in international business circles when they launched their first joint tender few days ago in response to the idea put by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to Jordanian businesses to group their foreign purchases to achieve greater benefits.

According to engineers Isa Matameh, Shukri Ukleh and Fawzi Hamzeh, heads of procurement departments at the Arab Potash Co., the Phosphate Mining Co. and the Jordan Cement Co. respectively, a committee representing the three companies was formed last year to study channelling various foreign purchases of equipment and spare parts through joint tenders.

Mr. Matarneh said the task was not easy as each company had

to check its stock and evaluate its needs for a year in addition to preparing technical specifications for each item amid the necessary administrative requirements at each company.

After a thorough examination of needed materials and equipment, the committee decided to launch the first joint tender this year and chose as a trial experiment importing tyres and conveyor belts.

Mr. Matarneh said that both items were very much used and had great similarity in specifications at the three companies.

Mr. Ukleh emphasised that studies that had been done on unifying purchase orders were comprehensive and detailed and there was no possibility that the newly-adopted system would

He said that the reason bebind describing the first tender as experimental was only to evaluate the feedback from suppliers and examine how best the terms of the tender should be

amended if need be. The evaluation of this experimental tender is absolutely not to see if the system is viable or not. The set up is unquestionably here to stay," Mr. Ukleb stressed.

Both engineers bighlighted the following advantages that would be of great value to the three companies: 1) Forming a substantial purchasing unit that would sharpen

supply offers to best quality at cheapest prices due to the higher 2) Exchange information and other benefits among the three;

Jordanian companies; 3) Narrow specification differences of needed products and, in the long run, create unified requirements:

4) Obtain better delivery terms from foreign suppliers; 5) Form larger stocks of a product that can fulfill the needs of

the three companies at all times. Mr. Ukleb and Mr. Matarneh said the new unit would, in addition, be a detriment to any supplier against fallucies because any misconduct on the part of the exporter would cause a large-scale damage to his/its reputation in Jordan and in the

region for having failed to properly honour a huge order to a major and main Mideast importer.

The engineers estimated the tyres and conveyor belts' order

to be roughly in the range of \$3 million. Mr. Hamzeh highly esteemed the Crown Prince's idea 10 merge foreign purchases and credited Ali Ensour, the directorgeneral of the Arab Potash Co., for translating the idea into a

He said that it was Mr. Ensour's deep knowledge of the phosphate company, which he had headed in the past, that enabled him to follow up on establishing the new body to launch

"Honestly, the link started between the phosphate and potash later," Mr. Hamzeh said.

Mr. Hamzeh drew parallels between the group of the three companies and the Central Tenders Committee which launches all government tenders and noted that the system was very efficient and cost saving.

The cement company engineer estimated that the total volume of foreign purchases for the three companies would be less than \$50 million annually as not all the equipment and spares qualify to be launched in joint tenders. He said that a few other firms might join the tender

consortium soon. He expected them to be mainly the petroleum refinery, the white cement company, the electricity authority. the iron and steel companies and the tobacco company.

"I don't think the pharmaceutical companies can join us because their operations are quite different but, nevertheiess, they can merge their own foreign purchases in joint tenders like us," Mr. Hamzeh pointed out.

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FIRST FLOOR: Furnished/unfurnished 3 bedrooms, 3: bathrooms, huge American fitted kitchen with breakfast area. Big guest/dining area. Store room: Terrace/balconies. Please call 840011

World News in Brief

Children devastated by Sri Lankan wars

COLOMBO (AP) - A decade of ethnic conflicts has ravaged Sri Lanka's children who face poverty, malnutrition and trauma every day of their lives, the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). said Tuesday. Children have been orphaned, crippled and deprived of education because of the lingering Tamil war in the north and a 1987-1989 ethnic revolt in the south, the fund said. It gave no figures of how many children had suffered, but a government study said last year about 487,000 children were affected by the Tamil war and the abortive Sinhalese revolt. The Tamil separanst war has claimed more than 17,500 lives since it began in 1983. As many as 50,000 people are believed to have been killed in a brutal government crackdown on members of a leftist Sinhalese Party that tried to overthrow the government. The conflicts have had "a devastating impact on the quality of life of children and women," UNICEF said while signing its fifth country programme in Sri Lenka. Under the programme, UNICEF will contribute \$36.8 million in assistance to the government for the welfare of children, mainly through nutrition and control of infant mortality rates.

'IRA man shot dead without warning'

ENNISKILLEN. Northern Ireland (R) - Undercover British soldiers shot dead one of the Irish Republican Army's (1RA) guerrillas without giving him a chance to surrender, a Northern Ircland inquest has ruled. Scamus McElwaine, 25, was killed and a second IRA guerrilla was wounded in 1986 near the village of Ruslea, near the Irish border, as they prepared a bomb ambush against security forces. At the time of the shooting, McElwaine was on the run after escaping from the top security Maze prison with other members of the IRA. He was serving a life sentence for the murder of two members of the security forces. A jury at a coroner's court in Enniskillen agreed that troops had not challenged McElwaine before he was hit by an initial burst of gunfire. The jury also said they fired again five minutes later as McElwaine lay

Mass field for Nigerian presidency

ABUJA (R) — Retired army officers, former politicians and wealthy merchants are among 102 people in the race for Nigeria's civilian presidency, and a military government official said the number could swell to 600. The mass field for the presidency has beightened concern that a difficult selection process might inflame regional rivalries and result in large-scale poll fraud of the kind that scuttled last year's attempt to pick a new executive leader. The right-of-centre National Republican Convention (NRC) reported 55 candidates to 47 for the moderate leftist Social Democratic Party (SDP). Two of the candidates are women. After a convoluted selection process in all 50 states, each party must produce one candidate for a June 12 poil before President Ibrahim Babangida's planned handover in August.

Kidnapped Aga Khan official feared dead

KARACHI, Pakislan (R) - A Pakistani tycoon and senior representative of Prince Karim Aga Khan kidnapped eight months ago is feared dead, officials said. Ashiq Ali Hussain, 58, is thought to have died about a week after he was kidnapped by three armed men on a Karach: street on May 17 last year, said an official of the Citizens-Police Liaison commutee (CPLA). "He suffered from severe diabetes and probably died a week after he was kidnapped" said Nascem Haji, a founder of the private group, which has crusaded for three years to halt a rash of kidnappings in southern Pakistan. He may have gone into a coma and his kidnappers would have been unable to seek hospital treatment, Mr. Haji said, Mr. Mussain was a prominent figure in the Ismaili sect headed by the Aga Khan and was president of the Aga Khan Federation Council of Pakistan. "We still hope to solve this mystery and have not given up the investigation." Mr. Haji said.

Bush gets 'clean bill of health'

WASHINGTON (AP) - President George Bush emerged smiling from Bethesda Naval Hospital after his annual physical exam tion Tuesday, holding both thumbs up. "Clean bill of health," the president said. Dr. Burton Lee, the White House physician, said upon Mr. Bush's return to work in the Oval Office. "there isn't anything" wrong with the president. Dr. Lee said no recurrences were found of the non-cancerous skin growths that had been removed from Mr. Bush's face last March. In a brief written statement later. Dr. Lee disclosed that Mr. Bush was injected with cortisone to ease "recent persistent pain" in his left hip. He provided no other details on the pain or the treatment, but said that over the past four years Mr. Bush's "osteoarthritic problems with his hips ...have not progressed significantly."

Court upholds CIA's dismissal of gay spy

WASHINGTON (Al') - The Central Intelligence Agency's (CIA) firing of a say say on grounds that he posed a threat to national security was upheid Teesday by a federal appellate court. A three-judge panel of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia said the CIA had a legitimate concern about the spy's "trustworthines in light of the fact that he hid information about his involvement in homosexual activity despite suspecting or knowing that the agency considered such involvement to be a matter of security significance." The appeals court overturned a federal judge's rolling that the rpy, identified in court papers only by the fictious name John Doc, was denied due process when then CIA Director William Casey fired him 1982.

Grand jury reluses to indict senator

NORFOLK (AP) - A grand jury declined Tuesday to indict Senator Charles Robb, voting not to charge him in an alleged eavesdropping scheme against Virginia Governor L. Douglas Wilder. The octcome of the panel's 18-month probe was announced by the Justice Department in Washington. The grand iury investigating whether Mr. Robb participated in a plan to embarrass Mr. Wilder by leaking a transcript of a secretly recorded telephone conversation. In that 1988 cettular phone conversation, Mr. Wilder, then lieutement governor, boasted to a supporter that Mr. Robb's political career was over. Mr. Robb, 53, is a son-in-law of the late president Lyndon B. Johnson and served as Virginia governor before he was elected to the Senate in 1988. Though both Democrats, Mr. Wilder and Mr. Robb have feuded for years, Mr. Robb uides had hoped to show that Mr. Wilder was trying to undercut Mr. Robo, who faced allegations of drug use and marital infidelity. Mr. Robb has demed those charges.

Balloon launch put off when hole found

RENO (AP) - An attempt at man's first non-stop balloon flight around the world, aiready plagued by bad luck for nearly a year, hit another snag Tuesday as crews prepared for a pre-dawn liftoff. A hole the size of a small coin was found in the lower, air-filled balloon used as an anchor on the hourglass-shaped craft. The upper balloon contains helium; the crew capsule is between the two, "It looks like a burn hole, probably from a torch," said Lynne Newman, wife of balloon pilot Larry Newman. The launch of the Earthwinds Hilton, initially scheduled for between 4 a.m. and 6 a.m., was put on hold until the hole could be repaired. Temperatures dipped below zero (-18 c) for the scheduled launch, which was to carry Mr. Newman, fellow American Don Moses and Russian cosmonaut Vladimir Dzhanibekov Itt kilometres in the air to hitch a 32,000-kilometre ride on the jet stream. Fickle weather thwarted a launch 11 months ago in Ohio and had put the programme on hold here since mid-November. The plan calls for the double halloon craft to sour for 12 to 21 days at jetliner altitude. Crew meteorologists said the current high-level winds are nearly ideal and Earthwinds could circle the globe in only 10 to 12 days.

Dutch to haive armed forces

THE HAGUE (AP) - The government has unveiled sweeping cuts in the armed forces, including a phased abolition of the nation's 130-year-old draft over the next five years. "Only an all-volunteer army could, in the long term, create sufficient room for the guarantee of quality" in a much smaller force. Defence Minister Relus Ter Beek said in a statement to parliament.

Security forces relax curfew in riot-hit Bombay

BOMBAY (Agencies) — Security forces Wednesday relaxed curfews imposed on riot-torn areas of Bombay as Indian police re-ported the frenzied communal violence that has raged for the

past week was abating. Residents in India's commercial capital complained of growing shortages and sharply in-creased prices for fresh food after seven days of commanal bloodshed halted deliveries of petrol,

vegetables and staples.

'The city is comparatively peaceful, with the accent on comparatively," said one police officer. "But there's still some reports of scattered stone-throwing and fires."

The Times of India said at least 480 people have died in the dramatic flare-up of Hindu-Muslim bloodshed in Bombay, triple the official toll.

It quoted coroners contacted at six Bombay hospitals as saying the death toll during communal riots since Jan, 6 was 481 and

likely to top 500.

At least 77 people have also died in bloodshed in the city of Ahmadabad, to the north of

northern oilfields, but govern-

ment officials in Luanda say they

are optimistic peace talks could

start within days, Angolan state radio said Tues-

day at least 400 people bad died

in fighting with a battle for the

central city of Cuito.

Both sides claimed to control

the greater part of the city but the

radio said virtually every building

showed signs of the battle and bodies had still to be collected.

President Jose Eduardo dos San-

tos was ready to talk to Mr.

Savimbi about ways to get their

1991 ceasefire back on track, but

only inside Angola.

Mr. Savimbi told Portuguese

radio in a satellite-telephone in-

terview they should meet under

United Nanons auspices in Gene-

not in Luanda, never," he said.

ury Secretary-designate Lloyd Bentsen said Tuesday tax in-

creases and cuts in popular be-nefit programmes will have to be

considered if the government's record budget deficit is to be

Mr. Bentsen cautioned law-

tion that they may have to take

some risks to bring about

President-elect Bill Clinton's goal

of giving every worker "a person-

al chance at the American

The Senate Finance Commit-

ice, which Mr. Benisen has

headed for six years, took the

unusual step of confirming his

nomination unanimously before

it heard from him and before the

nomination was received by the

Senate. Mr. Clinton cannot for-

mally submit his cabinet nomina-

nons until he takes office in eight

Mr. Bentsen said the deficit

will make it more difficult to

grant the middle-class tax cut

A tax reduction is "one of the

options still being weighed." Mr. Bentsen said. Because of the

promised by Mr. Clinton.

makers considering his nomina-

controlled.

A government official said

Police said they had relaxed "It is to strike so much terror in curfews imposed in 20 areas of the hearts of the minority com-

Angolan conflict spreads

ITA) movement has spread to the side Angola.

but Luanda hopes for talks

LUANDA (R) — Angola's war that any talks with Mr. Dos Sanwith Jonas Savimbi's rebel tos would have to be preceded by

National Union for the Total a meeting of senior government Independence of Angola (UN- and UNITA representatives in-

Angolan Foreign Minister integrity of all UNITA cardes and

Venancio de Moura said in reac-. militants eaptured during tion to Mr. Savimbi's proposal clashes."

Senate committee confirms

Bentsen even before hearing

WASHINGTON (AP) - Treas- deficit, he added, "the options

Bombay for six hours during the morning. Many shops, closed for almost a week as gangs of arsonists roamed the streets, reopened, and commuter trains were run-

But the country's main stock exchange remained closed. Bombay Member of Parliament Sunil Dutt Wednesday said

he was resigning in protest against

the "barbarous a ets" of looting, arson and killing in Bombay. Police repeatedly opened fire to quell continued riots in Bombay Tuesday, as authorities said the week-long wave of arson and killings was on the wane and Defence Minister Sharad Pawar

appealed for businesses to

reopen.

The government has rushed more than 6,000 troops to Bornbay to quell the bloodshed in which scores of people have been stabbed and hundreds of houses

and shops set ablaze.

The Times of India said the frenzied violence appeared to be part of a deliberate campaign to force Muslims to leave. Thousands of families have

taken trains out of the city, once known for its tolerance. It is to strike so much terror in

Possible venues for talks be-

tween Angolan military chief Joao de Matos and leaders of

UNITA included Windhoek,

Addis Ababa and Lusaka, milit-

Angolan state radio said the

olithuro of the ruling Popular

Movement for the Liberation of

Angola (MPLA) Party had met

Tuesday to assess the political

It said the MPLA was not

"The defence of the people

... by the government and the

armed forces should not be misinterpreted as an attempt physically to eliminate UNITA," the radio

said, quoting a politburo state-

the lives and physical and moral

are going to be tougher than they

"The challenge continues for us all." Mr. Bentsen said.

taxes, balanced spending and

government income, expanded

job training, trade, saving and

investment, and assured quality

require decisions that prove un-popular." Mr. Bentsen said. "But

we must remember the overriding

goal — President-elect Clinton's

first priority - to put our eco-

nomy on course so every American has the prospect of a life-enriching job a personal chance

The veteran Democratic sena-

tor from Texas did not explain

whether those appopular deci-

sions might include a tax in-crease, but said Mr. Clinton was

deciding which apecific measures

were needed. Presumably, that

includes whether to abandon or

defer a campaign promise of a tax cut for the middle class.

crats pushed for a similar tax

reduction last year.

Mr. Bentsen and fellow Demo-

at the American dream."

"Achieving these ends might

health care to all, he said.

The challenge includes fairer

"This is demonstrated by the fact

trying to destroy UNITA, but the UNITA army could not be toler-

and military situation.

ary officials said.

choice other than to flee either to predominantly Muslim parts of the city, or worse still, out of Bombay altogether," the paper said in a front-page editorial headlined "End Bombay's

The latest eruption of violence followed nationwide Hindu-Muslim clashes in December trig-gered by the destruction of a 16th century mosque by Hindn mili-tants in the northern town of

Ayodhya. Hardline Hindus want India, a nation of 870 million people, declared a Hindu state. There are more than 100 million Muslims in India, and the ruling Congress Party government has said it is essential to maintain the secular nature of India.

Editors of nine-Bombay news papers Wednesday appealed to Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao to help end the bloodbath. They urged him to declare a state of partial emergency in Bombay, so that full control

could be handed over to the They said more security forces were also needed to regain con-

to release

on Iran role

WASHINGTON (R) - Presi-

dent George Bush will release his

private testimony to federal pro-

scuttors probing the Iran-contra scandal, along with personal notes he made, White House Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said

Tuesday.

Mr. Fitzwater said the White

House would release this week

the full text and a videotape of

the interview conducted in 1988

by investigators for Lawrence

Walsh, the special prosecutor charged with investigating the

"It will be good for the presi-dent because it clearly shows that he doesn't have any involvement

here that's questionable in a legal

He said Mr. Bush also would

release his "notes that are re-levant to "Iran-contra" but that "they don't add anything mater-ially to the debate. Certainly they

pale in comparison to the trans-

ten notes only came to light last

month, after the White House offered them to Mr. Walsh's

office. Until then, Mr. Bush had

insisted all documents had been

Mr. Bush had asked for the

release of the testimony, but Mr.

Walsh declined contending it was

confidential information that had

been presented to a grand jury.

He relented by giving Mr. Bush the videotape to "do whatever he

Mr. Walsh and Mr. Bush have

been at bitter odds since the

president last month thwarted the

prosecutor's probe by granting

pardons to six key target

wanted."

Nicaragua.

The existence of the handwrit-

sense," Mr. Fitzwater said.

key data

Bush

"The city is watching politi-



with bloodied, handaged heads at a small refugee camp in Bombay following one week of communal riots (AFP photo)

people are being butchered in the appeal printed in the leading business paper, the Economic Times.

In one of the worst incidents Tuesday, a Hindu woman who serves on a municipal conneil in central Bombay led a mob of 300 Hindus that set fire to 100 shacks

in a Muslim slum, police said. The woman — identified as Shantadai Ramesh Baria - and another member of the group were shot and killed when police opened fire and evacuated 45 Muslim families whose homes were destroyed, and Ghanshayam Changlani, an assistant commissioner of police.

cians playing power games, while Changlani said as he led a few reporters down narrow dirt roads streets," the editors said in the filled with burned huts, cars and debris. "She led the group, exhorting the masses, 'Attack

The Hindus followed her because they had heard a rumour that the Muslim population in the community had filled their homes with firebombs and planned to attack the Hindus. Mr. Changlani

Police also shot and wounded 11 Hindus as the mob hit the houses with firebombs and rags soaked in kerosene, he said. As in other violent areas of the city. soldiers are now standing guard and trying to prevent more vio-

"This was a major attack," Mr. Georgia stand-off ends, Tajik fighting spreads

MOSCOW (AP) — The Russian military said Tuesday it had settled a tense confrontation with Georgian troops and began turnmg over weapons to Georgian government troops following a standoff at a Russian army base in the southern former Soviet

republic, news media reported, Russia Major General Viktor Ivanenkov, head of military in-telligence in the region, said 46 Russian servicemen were allowed to leave the base at Lagodekhi, the Interfax news agency said. The base had been surrounded by Georgian soldiers Sunday.

Russians claimed the men were being held hostage, but Georgian troops sald they simply sur-rounded the base to prevent Rus-

sians from removing weapons.
... The sides, previously had agreed that Russia would turn over the weapons to Georgian forces, part of a process of transferring control of former Soviet arms to local officials.

Gen. Ivanenkov said the weapons were being transferred to the Georgians, after the 46 servicemen were taken to the

volved or how many. Far to the east, meanwhile. authorities in the Central Asian state of Tajikistan said they continned a campaign to disarm fighters loyal to the ousted government of Islamic and pro-democracy groups, the ITAR-TASS news agency said.
Tajik authorities said troops

wrapped up an operation in Obigram, 85 kilometres east of the capital Dushanbe, and turned towards another rebel stronghold in nearby Rogum, Interfax reported.

Rogum is home to a huge hydroelectic power plant run mostly by Russian-speaking workers, Interfax said. The government has accused the pro-Islamic fighters of harassing the ethnic Russians.

One government soldier was killed and another wounded in the operation, Interfax reported. ITAR-TASS quoted Russian officials as saying nobody was hurt. The discrepancy could not immediately be clarified.

Tajikistan, an impoverished state of S.1 million people, has been consumed by ethnic and clan warfare for nearly a year,

in a tent at the time of the attack.

A seven-year-old child was also

killed, the spokesman said.

capital Toilisi. He did not say clan warfare for what kind of weapons were in-

Female U.N. workers and

child killed in Cambodia PHNOM PENH (R) — Two tified as Ty Sary, 43, and Hang Cambodian women working for Vicbeth, 20, who were sheltering the U.N. peacekeeping operation and a seven-year-old child were killed in a rocket and mortar

attack north of Phnom Penh late Tuesday, a U.N. spokesman said. "This is the first time UNTAC (the U.N. Transitional Authority in Cambodia) has to deplore loss of life as a result of hostile action since UNTAC arrived 10 months ago," the spokesman told a Wednesday news conference. The attack occurred shortly after 11:30 p.m. and involved 40 men,

At the time of the pardons, Mr. Bush claimed that prosecution of the six amounted to the "criminadivided into four groups, the UN-TAC spokesman said adding that lisation of policy differences" and said they had acted out of "patthe raiders infiltrated from the An angry Walsh in retaliation north, a known Khmer Rouge

gnerrilla sanctuary.

Just before the ground attack, threatened to focus his attention on Mr. Bush's role in the affair. The White House then pressed rockets and mortars were fired at the UNTAC site located in Ang for release of the president's testi-Kron village, 15 kilometres east

Mr. Bush has insisted that as of Siem Reap provincial capital. "Haif an hour later they attackvice-president he was "out of the ed the location using AK-47s (automatic assault rifles) to fire at when it came to knowing the details of the scheme, in UNTAC personnel and Cambo-dian civilians," the spokesman which arms were covertly sold to Iran and the money diverted to the U.S.-backed contra rebels in

The women were working with the UNTAC department charged with organising elections, the first for Cambodia after decades of war and political turmoil. Two UNTAC policemen, an Indian and a Ghanaian, were

injured in the attack as was a 70-year-old Cambodian man, all of whom were listed as in stable condition at a U.N. field hospital. The spokesman said the attack-

ers deliberately, fired at the tent used by the U.N. electoral team for registrating voters. "Several people were present at the time and two U.N. person-

nel died as a result of the attack," A Bangladeshi rapid reaction

platoon was sent to the site but arrived after the attackers had fled, the spokesman said. While the identity of the attackers was unknown, be said.

Khmer Rouge guerrillas had been active in the district recently.

such as in the religious context. Too few U.S. doctors

Magazine runs full transcript of British royal tape

LONDON (Agencies) - Britain's royal family may be plunged into a fresh scandal following published details of a sexually explicit conversation said to be between Prince Charles and his long-time friend. Camilla Parker Bowles.

Reports of the taped con-versation were published just a day after the British heir to the throne and his estranged wife. Princess Diana, were accused of using the media to publicise personal accounts of their marriage break-up.

Details of thesix-minute conversation filled the front sections of Wednesday editions of Britain's tabloid newspapers. In a rare move, tabloid edi-

tors met Tuesday and agreed not to publish the full transcript of the recording, dubbed the "Camillagate tape," at a. nime when the British government is studying a report call-

ing for a crackdown on the

The transcript was published in the Australian magazine New Idea, owned by media tycoon Rupert Murdoch, who is also proprietor of Britain's mass circulation Sun tabloid.

The Daify Mail newspaper said magazines in Germany, the Netherlands and Belgium were planning to use the trans-

"Six-minute love tape could cost Charles throne," ran the Sun's front-page headline. The paper described the tape as sexually explicit, with the couple constantly declaring their

New Idea magazine said the transcript was a full version of December 1989 phone call taped by a radio enthusiast using a scanner.

love for each other.

Details of the call had been leaked to Prince Charles'

estranged wife Princess Diana and led to her finally storming out of their loveless marriage, the magazine said.

New Idea, with a circulation of more than one million, said a "top linguistics and voice analysis professor" was convinced the tape was genuine and that an audio expert was sure it had not been doctored.

The transcript begins some way into a conversation between the heir to the British throne and the 45-year-old married mother of two. (The following are edited extracts):

Charles: Anyway you know, that's the sort of thing one has to beware of. And sort of feel one's way along with, if you know what I mean. Camilla: mmm. You're

awfully good at feeling your Charles: Oh stop. I want to feel my way along you, all over Camilla: Oh.

The women victims were iden-

The conversation continues with the couple telling each other in graphic terms how much they want each other

sexually.

Camilla (later): ...oh darling, oh I just want you now. Charles: Do you? Camilla: mmm.

Charles: So do I. Camilla: Desperately, desperately, desperately... On the tape, they appear reluc-

tant to say good night.

Charles: But 1, oh God, when am I going to speak to

you? Camilla: I can't bear it. Um...

Charles: Wednesday night? Camilla: Oh, certainly Wednesday night. I'll be alone...and early Wednesday morning, I mean, he'll be leaving at half past eight, quarter past eight. He won't be here Thursday, pray God... Camilla (later): It would be so wonderful to have just one

night to set us on our way, wouldn't it? Camilla (later): I love you. Charles: Love you too. I don't want to say goodbye. Camilla (later): I do love

you and I'm so proud of you. Charles: Oh, I'm so proud of Camilla: Don't be so silly,

I've never achieved anything. Charles: Yes you have...your great achievement is to love me. Camilla (later): Bye. Press

the button. Reports of the relationship between Charles and Parker Bowles, and some details of the taped conversation, were published in the British media last November.

Zimbabwe cancels mayor's installation

HARARE (R) - Local officials said Tuesday they had cancelled the installation Friday of Harare. councillor Noel Chaya as the new mayor of Zimbabwe's capital. Mr. Chaya, a member of the ruling ZANU-PF party who was elected mayor by councillors last month, has been widely criticised by Harare residents after disclosures that he had once been fined nearly 1,400 for contravening liquor laws. In his role as mayor, Mr. Harare's highest civic leader, Mr. Chaya would have had to host foreign leaders visiting the capital. Outgoing Mayor Simon Chikwavaire is likely to remain in office until a new mayor is. elected, officials said.

Italy decriminalises personal drug use

ROME (R) — Italy Tnesday decriminalised the personal useof drugs, admitting the failure of its tough drug law which filled Italian prisons with addicts and did little to reduce consumption. The cahinet approved the new drug legislation, which had been proposed by Prime Minister Giuliano Amato to reduce prison overcrowding. Under the new measure, about 1,000 inmates who had been imprisoned for drug use will he released, officials said. The new law requires administrative sanctions instead of prison terms, for users of drugs such as heroin, cocaine and cannabis. These sanctions include: the revocation of driver's licences, gun permits and passports. Anyone found with a quantity of drugs three times more than what is considered an average amount for personal consumption is charged as a drug trafficker, according to the law. The cabinet's action repeals 1990 legislation which had made the personal use of drugs a crime. Before that law was adopted, only trafficking and the sale of drugs had been a crime in Italy.

Sex attacker escapes charges after jall-chapel rape

LONDON (R) - A convicted.

sex attacker raped a woman in the chapel of a top-security British jail — and escaped prosecution. Prison officers Tuesday blamed what they called liberalis-ing of prison life for the assault on . a married woman employee at Long Lartin prison, near Evesham, central England. She decided not to press charges. The rapist, who had three convictions for sex attacks, was working as an orderly in the chapel. He was moved to another prison and will not face prosecution. Bob Pitt, spokesman for the Prison Officers' Association at Long Lartin, said: "Inmates are allowed into areas where there are civilian members of staff, without uniformed supervision. It is one of the inevitable consequences of an over-ambitious programme of liberalisation and hopefessly inadequate staffing levels." The jail which houses 340 topsecurity prisoners including drug dealers, was criticised last month by the government's chief inspector of prisons, Judge Stephen Tumim. He found there were "no-go areas" where prison offic-ers were too frightened to patrol. A spokeswoman for the Home Office, which is responsible for Britain's prisons, said: "The aim is to try and have a more liberal regime for the sake of the in-mates." She said female teachers and psychologists were often alone with inmates and added: There are certain areas of prison life where you would expect that,

slapped for incompetence, health group says

WASHINGTON (R) - Too.few.

physicians in the United States are disciplined for incompetence, negligence, drug abuse and patient abuse resulting in thousands of avoidable deaths and injuries of patients every year, a consumer group said Tuesday. The number of medical licences revoked and suspended and doctors placed on probation would be five to six times higherif the state boards were policing physicians effectively, Dr. Sidney Wolfe, head of Public Citizens Health Research Group, said at a: _ news conference. "There is no excuse why the majority of states are betraying patients or not providing adequate discipline of doctors, he said. Medical boards inthe south were found to be most. effective while those in the northeast, with the exception of Vermont, were least effective, the consumer group said in a report on a nationwide survey of medical sanctions.

